

HOUSE RECORD

First Year of the 162nd General Court Calendar and Journal of the 2011 Session

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Friday, June 17, 2011

No. 49

Contains: Committee of Conference Statements, Hearings, Meetings, Notices, Governor's Veto Messages on HB 109, HB 133, HB 218, HB 329 and HB 474

HOUSE CALENDAR

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE:

The next House Session will be **Wednesday, June 22nd at 10:00 a.m.** If necessary, the House will meet the next day to complete its legislative business.

Members are advised that, the House Finance Committee will hold a briefing on the Committee of Conference reports on HB1 and HB 2 on Tuesday, June 21st at 10:00 a.m. This will be a good opportunity to get answers to questions you may have.

Committees of Conference have finished their work. I thank those House members who worked diligently to uphold the House position on legislation while practicing the fine art of compromise as necessary to further the interests of New Hampshire citizens. We will take up these reports on June 22nd.

NH Administrative Services has announced the implementation of ASOPS, the Administrative Services On-line Pay Statements. This web-based system, accessible from any computer, allows you to obtain pay information, current and historical, starting with May 6, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, if you are enrolled in direct deposit of your mileage checks, you will no longer receive a printed payroll advice copy. You will need to register to access your pay statements in ASOPS. A user guide and frequently asked questions are available at <http://admin.state.nh.us/hr>. If you receive a check and are not enrolled in direct deposit, you are also encouraged to register and view your pay statements in ASOPS. If you receive printed checks, you will continue to do so. Questions can be directed to Legislative Accounting at 271-3162 or stop in that office in Room 113 of the State House.

Chairmen and Vice-Chairmen will next meet at **9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, June 21st** in Rooms 305-307 of the Legislative Office Building.

No members are to use a House committee room, even for informal meetings, unless the room use is first cleared with the committee chairman and scheduled in the Clerk's office.

Groups wishing to sponsor events in the State House Cafeteria must first contact Director of Operations Doug Dolcino (271-3323) to avoid conflicts in the schedule. Members should not agree to sign calendar notices for such events unless they are sure this has been done. Your cooperation in this regard is appreciated.

Please note that July will be the month in which the House takes a break. There will be no House committee hearings or work sessions, and no other legislative business will be conducted with the exception of those statutory and chapter study committees required by law to meet during that time.

The **LOB parking garage will be closed for renovations** from July 1, 2001 until mid-November. All members assigned parking spaces in that structure will need to park in the Storrs Street parking garage during that period.

William L. O'Brien, Speaker

NOTICE

There will be a Republican Caucus on Wednesday, **June 22 at 9:00 a.m.** in Representatives Hall.

D.J. Bettencourt, Majority Leader

NOTICE

There will be a Democratic Caucus on Wednesday, **June 22 at 9:00 a.m.** in Rooms 305-307, LOB.

Terie Norelli, Democratic Leader

NOTICE

HOUSE FINANCE COMMITTEE BRIEFING COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE REPORTS ON THE BUDGET

Tuesday, June 21, 2011, 10:00 a.m.

Representatives Hall

Rep. Kenneth L. Weyler, Chairman

NOTICE

The 2011 Manual for the General Court (Red Book) will be available **June 22, 2011**. House members are entitled to three (3) copies. One copy may be picked up at the Secretary of State's Office on June 22, 2011. The two additional copies may be picked up at the member's convenience after June 27th in the Secretary of State's Office.

William M. Gardner, Secretary of State

NOTICE

The Calendar closes at 3:00 p.m. on Wednesdays for scheduling and notices.

Members and staff who need to schedule meetings should make arrangements with the Clerk's Office for room availability/assignment and publication of meeting notices.

Karen O. Wadsworth, Clerk of the House

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE STATEMENTS

SENATE BILLS

SB 12, relative to screening panels for medical injury claims.

When the Medical Malpractice Panel bill became law in 2005, the law included establishment of a joint oversight committee for the purpose of evaluating the law to determine if this new litigation process met the goal of reducing medical malpractice insurance rates. The date for the final report was December 1st 2010. The final report submitted on this date stated that the panel did not have adequate data to arrive at a meaningful determination. The subject bill, SB 12, was introduced for the sole purpose of extending the date for a final report. The Senate proposed a new final report date of December 1st 2013 and the House proposed December 1st 2012. In the committee of conference the House acceded to the Senate's date of December 1st 2013 in hopes that the extra year would supply additional data and allow for a definitive report.

Rep. Robert H. Rowe

SB 33-FN, relative to retired state employee contributions for medical benefits costs.

This bill, introduced at the request of the department of administrative services, authorizes the department to collect from retired state employees under the age of 65 the statutorily required premium of \$65.00 per month for a single retiree or \$130.00 per month for a retiree and spouse. The House amendment added a reenrollment clause for retirees whose benefits were terminated for nonpayment, within six months of the termination date, upon payment of any outstanding contribution or other amount. After explanation of the House concerns of "adverse selection," the Senate agreed with the House position.

Rep. Carol M. McGuire

SB 45, relative to criteria for designation as a Granite State scholar.

The committee of conference made two minor word-smithing changes to the House approved bill: (a) All NH schools must meet the school approval standards set by the NH department of education. Therefore, in the committee of conference, the House maintained its position that no student should be disqualified from eligibility for Granite State scholar designation simply because the school they graduated from is "approved" by the department of education (DOE) but is not accredited by an outside accreditation agency. The conferees unanimously agreed to modify SB 45 to specifically include students graduating from both "accredited" and "approved" NH high schools. (b) Many schools of higher learning are moving away from the scholastic aptitude test (SAT) and allowing other nationally recognized assessment tests to be used in their criteria for student acceptance. The House position is to ensure that tests used to evaluate candidates for Granite State scholar designation are "norm referenced" assessments "approved" by the department of education. The committee of conference learned from the DOE that technically it does not "approve" tests but it does "recognize" tests. So the conferees unanimously agreed to change the word "approved" to "recognized" which maintains DOE oversight in the assessment used in determining who should be designated as a Granite State scholar.

Rep. Michael A. Balboni

SB 50, making various changes to laws regulating trusts and trust companies.

As agreed by the committee of conference, references to the attorney general's office have been changed to the director of charitable trusts, who is the actual regulating authority.

Rep. John B. Hunt

SB 52-FN, excluding persons convicted of violent crimes and sexually violent persons from mandatory early release on probation or parole.

The committee of conference on SB 52 has completed its work and the House have agreed to the Senate version allowing the adult parole board to determine which violent and sexual offenders should be released from prison nine months early. The House and Senate also agreed that the parole board would determine how long a SB 500 convict who violates parole must return to prison. We all agreed that it was important and necessary to make changes

to SB 500, Chapter 247, which was passed during the 2010 session. This legislation was filed in response to input received from the New Hampshire parole board, the attorney general's office, and the department of corrections. As amended, it will give the parole board a significant role over inmates returned to prison for recommitment following parole violations. While current law provides that the recommitment periods can only be for up to 90 days, this legislation will allow the parole board to extend this term beyond 90 days should the parolee fail to meet a variety of provisions. This would apply to all parolees and give the parole board discretion over both violent and non-violent offenders as well. The conferees wanted to ensure that this legislation would correct an oversight in the law as passed in 2010. It will exclude a prisoner convicted of a violent crime or a sexually violent offense from mandatory early supervised release if the parole board votes to do so. It also provides the parole board with greater discretion to recommit a person who reoffends while on mandatory early supervised release. An offender placed on probation or parole for a conviction of a felony offense that would require registration as a sexual offender, or an offender against children could not be placed on administrative supervision.

Rep. David J. Bettencourt

SB 53-FN, relative to the definition of nursing and establishing a nursing assistant registry fund administered by the board of nursing.

The conferees agreed to the House version of this bill while clarifying the definition of "nurse" as was initially proposed by the Senate.

Rep. David W. Hess

SB 68, relative to records of disciplinary actions taken by the electricians' board.

The Senate and the House agreed to a seven year retention of disciplinary records. The House position was ten years, and the Senate was five years. This period is the longest that the board may consider a previous disciplinary action. Currently the board can look at the entire career which could be 40 years.

Reps. Kenneth Hawkins

SB 70-FN, relative to remedies in landlord-tenant actions.

SB 70 was amended in the House to repeal RSA 540:1-b, which imposed a \$1000 fine on landlords who fail to provide service of process information to the appropriate municipality. The Senate did not concur with the amendment. The members of the committee of conference agreed to modify the amendment to continue the requirement but eliminate the onerous fine. This excellent compromise presents a business-friendly bill that (1) reduces the time period that certain landlords are required to store abandoned property from 28 days to 7 days, (2) reduces the exposure of landlords who violate the statute from triple damages and legal fees to actual damages and legal fees, and (3) eliminates the fine for landlords who fail to provide service of process information to the municipality.

Rep. J. Brandon Giuda

SB 75-FN, relative to clarification of part-time service in the state retirement system.

This corrects the language regarding part time workers in Group I so that it matches the language for Group II workers that was passed in SB 3. It also deletes the provision that allowed someone to work two part time jobs and have them combined to equal a full time job for the purpose of New Hampshire Retirement System benefits. It also better defines that the part time definition only refers to persons drawing a pension from the New Hampshire Retirement System.

Rep. Kenneth Hawkins

SB 88, relative to physical force in defense of a person and relative to the brandishing of a firearm or other means of self-defense.

The conferees agreed to accept an amended SB 88 removing all language referencing carrying without a license: RSA 159:4, RSA 159:5 and RSA 159:6. The final bill includes allowing a person who is anywhere he or she has a right to be to use deadly force to protect oneself or a third person. It inserts a civil immunity provision for the use of force against a perpetrator in certain circumstances and amends the definition of "non-deadly force" to

include the act of producing or displaying a weapon.

Rep. Kenneth Kreis, Sr.

SB 89, establishing a study committee on the procurement of health insurance by employee leasing companies.

The House and the Senate conferees agreed with the first three sections of the bill. The committee of conference amendment removed the issues related to health insurance and replaced it with a study committee and the bill also suspends the insurance department's bulletin relating to health insurance until December of 2013.

Rep. John B. Hunt

SB 91, relative to automatic fire suppression sprinklers.

The House conferees decided to accept additional language to SB 91 (that already prohibits municipalities and local land use boards from enacting requirements for fire sprinkler systems in one and two family structures) that prohibits municipalities and local land use boards from enforcing any existing code, ordinance, regulation or administrative practice that would require automatic fire suppression sprinklers in manufactured housing units.

Rep. Franklin W. Sterling

SB 92, establishing an economic strategic commission to review the relationship between business and government.

This bill sets up a commission to review the relationship between business and government, with the goal of improving the business climate in New Hampshire. The commission includes members of the business community, experts in business law, commissioners of agencies that deal with businesses, and the judicial office of mediation. It will examine the implementation of the "one door" interface with government, the appeal process from administrative rulings, and New Hampshire business laws and regulations, then make recommendations for legislation. After discussion of the House amendment, the Senate agreed with the House position with the minor change of allowing commissioners to have designees on the commission.

Rep. Carol M. McGuire

SB 123, relative to notification if a person found incompetent to stand trial and civilly committed is released into the community.

Statement not available when calendar sent to print. Will appear in addendum.

SB 148-FN, relative to health insurance coverage and declaring that the attorney general should join the lawsuit challenging the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

The House and Senate could not agree on "should" versus "shall" the attorney general join the lawsuits related to the new federal law mandating health insurance. Given the latest supreme court reply to the Senate on this subject, this section was removed from the bill. We did agree that New Hampshire shall not enforce any individual mandate and this section remains in the bill. The final section of the bill relating to the exchange planning grant funds awarded to the insurance department by the federal department of health and human services was addressed in HB 601, and therefore removed from SB 148.

Rep. John B. Hunt

SB 161-FN, relative to procedures for adoption of agency rules under the administrative procedures act.

This bill streamlines the administrative rules process. The committee of conference adopted an amendment to resolve a grammatical error, resulting from HB 211 which has already been incorporated in law. The bill, as amended by the committee, fully represents the House position.

Rep. Carol M. McGuire

SB 166, relative to medical benefits for beneficiaries of a police officer or firefighter killed in the line of duty.

This bill would have the state of NH pay a medical insurance benefit to the surviving spouse

and family for someone killed in the line of duty, which would be the difference between the total premium due and the medical subsidy, if any, that is paid by the New Hampshire retirement system. Currently, state workers have this, and the bill adds cities and towns that do not currently provide this benefit. The committee of conference amended the bill to ensure that the only survivors receiving this benefit were those who had been promised a complete medical subsidy – no more than 9 individuals throughout the state. These people began receiving the medical subsidy some time ago, and its value relative to the cost of health insurance has dropped sharply; the system had not made it clear to these individuals how their benefit was calculated after all the legislative changes. The committee of conference also provided that if a town chose to stop providing this coverage, the state would not pick it up.

Reps. Carol M. McGuire

SB 196, relative to renomination or reelection of teachers and prohibiting assessing teacher performance based solely on assessment scores.

The Senate agreed with the House version with two additions that are consistent with the House position regarding teacher tenure and nonrenewal policies: a) requiring school boards to have a teacher performance evaluation policy because teachers need to understand what needs improvement and the reasons why their employment may not be continued, and b) in situations where the teacher disagrees with the decision of the local school board, limiting a grievance review to either arbitration or petition of the state board of education for districts that have those provisions in their collective bargaining agreement.

Rep. Michael A. Balboni

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE STATEMENTS

HOUSE BILLS

HB 1-A, making appropriations for the expenses of certain departments of the state for fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013.

Statement not available when calendar sent to print. Will appear in addendum.

HB 2-FN-A-L, relative to state fees, funds, revenues, and expenditures.

Statement not available when calendar sent to print. Will appear in addendum.

HB 25-FN-A, making appropriations for capital improvements.

The capital budget as agreed to by the House and Senate conferees represents a broad spectrum of capital projects designed to make necessary repairs to the state's buildings and parks, provide safety improvements at the state prison; expand the liquor commission's mission which will bring in more revenues and provide numerous and much needed technology upgrades to various departments, including the judicial system. Investments in education through the community college system and Pinkerton and Laconia community technical education centers continue in this budget. Wherever possible, the conferees took advantage of federal funds and "other than general funds;" and HB 25 has a total of \$88.3 million in general fund bonds which is less than the House adopted version of HB 25, slightly more than the Senate version and much less than the level the treasurer indicated we could use.

Rep. Gene G. Chandler

HB 26-FN, relative to the definition of gross misconduct for purposes of unemployment compensation.

This bill pertains to gross misconduct as it relates to theft. If someone is terminated for gross misconduct, that person loses all of the unemployment credits he or she has accrued through the point of termination. The House set the gross misconduct threshold for theft at

a single theft or multiple thefts in the aggregate of an amount equal to or greater than \$250. The Senate position was to set this threshold at \$100. Conferees agreed to maintain the \$250 threshold for gross misconduct, but also proposed a graduated structure of penalties for theft. If a person was terminated for theft below \$100, unemployment credits accrued could be used in the calculation for future unemployment compensation (no change). If a person was terminated for theft of \$100-\$249, unemployment credits could be used in the calculation of future unemployment compensation, but those benefits would be delayed 4-26 weeks, at the direction of the commissioner. Theft of \$250 or greater would be treated as gross misconduct, and the person would lose all of the unemployment credits previously accrued.

Rep. Gary L. Daniels

HB 131, relative to indemnification of volunteers performing duties in the state park system. The House version of HB 131 amended the statute governing indemnification of volunteers under the supervision of the department of resources and economic development personnel. The bill also extended the repeal date of the State Park System Advisory Council to June 30, 2016. While the Senate agreed with the indemnification section, the Senate amended the bill by striking the section extending the repeal date of the State Park System Advisory Council. At the committee of conference asked that the section extending the repeal date of the State Park System Advisory Council be restored. The Senate conferees acceded to the House position and agreed to the restoration of the section extending the repeal date of the State Park System Advisory Council to June 30, 2016.

Rep. Andrew Renzullo

HB 248, establishing a commission to study business regulations in New Hampshire. As amended by the senate, the bill included two labor appointees to the commission. As amended by the committee of conference report, the appointments to the commission of the two labor appointees, will now be just the governor rather than nominations from the AFL-CIO and the construction trade council. The third Senate amended appointee, the commissioner of the department of environmental services, was deleted. The charge of the commission is now changed to include all state agencies that will be affected will cooperate with the commission, and be included in the final report.

Rep. John B. Hunt

HB 299-FN, relative to the method of financing for the judicial retirement plan. This bill allows the Judicial Retirement System to amortize its unfunded liability with interest over 30 years. This matches the 30 year repayment schedule for the unfunded liability in the New Hampshire Retirement System as authorized by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Rep. Kenneth Hawkins

HB 337-FN-L, relative to the calculation and distribution of adequate education grants. Both the House and Senate had similar bills in adequate education funding. The bottom line of the two spent the exact same amount of money. As the two bills worked their way through both the House and Senate, modifications were made. Neither side got all they wanted, but both sides got pieces. Our towns and cities will benefit from a stable level of adequate education funding, with the elimination of donor towns, as well as the elimination of huge funding losses for some, with companion huge funding gains for others. The end result will benefit the children in our schools now and into the future.

Rep. Lynne M. Ober

HB 348, transferring the duties of the racing and charitable gaming commission to the lottery commission and abolishing the racing and charitable gaming commission, and prohibiting new electronic gaming devices without statutory authorization. The Senate and House agreed to the housekeeping changes to RSA 284, 287-D, and 287-E. Language was added in the Senate to tighten up the rules for prohibiting the commission from authorizing electronic gaming devices that haven't been approved by the legislature. It also adds language requiring surveillance equipment in each facility.

Rep. Neal M. Kurk

HB 380, exempting the commission on the status of men from repeal on June 30, 2011 and adding a duty to the commission.

The committee of conference report extends the sunset of this commission to December 31, 2013. It also adds one Senator and one Representative, appointed by the Senate President and the Speaker of the House respectively, who will serve without mileage authorization.

Rep. Steven J. Winter

HB 462-FN, relative to the determination of employer assessments for excess benefits paid by employers in the retirement system.

The Senate and the House agreed to extend for one year the formula used to capture the actuarially correct amount of dollars for end of career payments. The agreement was made because there was not enough time to get the calculator program operational on a web-site to show the dollars needed for each employee. We also agreed that it would take effect only for contracts signed after January 1, 2010.

Rep. Kenneth Hawkins

HB 483-FN-L, relative to mosquito control.

The House and Senate conferees have agreed to compromise language in HB 483 that will extend a public health threat declaration for mosquito control and abatement activity from the current one year time frame to three years. Cities and towns can now plan, at their own expense, to test and spray as they deem appropriate for three years after a health threat has been declared without having to request authorization from the state every year.

Rep. Franklin W. Sterling

HB 542-FN, prohibiting a school district from requiring that a parent send his or her child to any school or program to which the parent may be conscientiously opposed.

Current law only allows a parent or guardian to object, for religious reasons, and only to their child's involvement in health and sex education course work. This causes many to lie because their reasons are not religious in nature, and limits what course work can be objected to. The House position was to allow an opt-out for any conscientious objection for any course. During the committee of conference we learned that the word "conscientious" has legal meaning with a religious or philosophical connotation. To be consistent with the House position of broadening the objection criteria, the House conferees agreed to remove this word from the bill. Also, the Senate moved this language into the section of law dealing with the duties of the state board of education. This is a good move, puts the final authority for parental remedy squarely with the state board, and guarantees the parent's right to appeal to the state board if an agreement to an alternative could not be reached at the local level.

Rep. Michael A. Balboni

HB 601-FN, relative to implementation of federal health care reform.

As amended by the committee of conference, the bill creates a new oversight committee to ensure that the insurance department and health and human services will not attempt to implement the new federal health law without prior approval from the oversight committee. The oversight committee will have three members from the Senate and three members from the House. Finally, the amendment also includes a requirement of the insurance commissioner to decline the \$666,000 in exchange planning grant funds awarded to the insurance department by the federal department of health and human services.

Rep. John B. Hunt

HB 605, authorizing the business finance authority to establish a New Hampshire innovation business job growth program.

This bill, as passed by the House, authorized the business finance authority to establish a New Hampshire innovation business job growth program, the purpose of which shall be to promote investment in venture capital funds that evidence a commitment to providing venture capital to New Hampshire businesses. The Senate changed the time to invest funds from the job growth fund to within 60 months rather than 12 months and to invest directly in qualified venture capital funds that by contract agree to invest such principal in New

Hampshire within 60 months. This allows sufficient time to meet regulations associated with federal grants. The House agreed with these Senate changes and the House and Senate agreed to add an amendment that will insure that funds will be invested solely in companies operating in New Hampshire and that such funds will be used solely for New Hampshire operations.

Rep. Norman L. Major

HB 622, relative to adjustments to the semi-annual and quarterly collection of property taxes in towns and cities.

The committee of conference members agreed to remove the amendment regarding the 18-month transitional budget period for the town of Hampton due to the fiscal impact to the town. HB 622 now is only the House position regarding adjustments to the semi-annual and quarterly collection of property taxes in towns and cities.

Rep. Betsey L. Patten

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE BILLS NOT SIGNED OFF

SB 117, relative to private postsecondary career schools and the student tuition guaranty fund.

The House and Senate could not come to an agreement on SB 117. The House version provided an alternative to mandatory licensing of postsecondary career schools, with full disclosure to prospective students as a consumer protection measure. However, the Senate was adamant that the licensing of postsecondary career schools should be mandatory, regardless of the size and nature of the school. Even examples of home businesses that teach such things as sewing, quilting, woodworking, etc., did not persuade the Senate conferees to provide an alternative to mandatory licensing. These licensing and surety bond fees are at least \$4,000 quite a cost for a small home business that might have only a few students each year. The Senate was also adamant that mandatory licensing gave assurance to a student that the school would teach them what they were paying for. However, the executive director of the postsecondary education commission testified to the committee of conference that the commission does not approve what is taught. So having a license doesn't guaranty a student will receive proper training. Given these differences the House and Senate conferees agreed to disagree.

Rep. Michael A. Balboni

SB 162-FN, relative to federal health care reform 2010.

This bill was redundant to HB 601, and therefore was not necessary.

Rep. John B. Hunt

HB 33, relative to the care of memorials in Franconia Notch state park.

The committee could not come to an agreement because in HB 33 the Senate change would only protects Profile Lake and there are other veterans' monuments in the Franconia Notch Forest Reservation and Memorial Park. The House wanted all veterans' memorials protected in HB 33, since Franconia Notch State Park, as the "Franconia Notch Forest Reservation and Memorial Park" was dedicated in 1928 as a memorial to the men and women of NH who served the nation in times of war.

Rep. Alfred P. Baldasaro

HB 141, relative to protected utility services.

The House and Senate conferees were unable to reach agreement. This bill, as introduced, had sought to change for future cases the result of the 2009 case of *Lally v. Flieder*, 159 N.H. 350, in which the Supreme Court found that cable television was a utility service protected from direct or indirect interruption or termination by a landlord under RSA 540-A:3, I. The House amended the bill to serve the more general remedial purpose of identifying with precision exactly which utility services may not be interrupted or terminated by an evicting landlord and to limit that prohibition to utilities services being supplied by the landlord. The Senate amended the bill by simply returning to the language of the bill as introduced. The House didn't receive sufficient information to agree with the Senate position that the House

amendment was not needed.

Rep. Gregory M. Sorg

HB 375, relative to immunity for school personnel using reasonable force to protect a minor for special purposes or pupil.

The House and Senate conferees were unable to reach agreement. This bill, as introduced, had sought to make more explicit the protection from liability of teachers provided by RSA 627:6, II, so that school districts would be less fearful of implementing policies conducive to maintaining good order and discipline in the classroom and on school grounds. The House amended the bill by substituting a “reasonable force” standard in place of the bill’s “necessary force” standard and by adding a “good faith” standard in order to more effectively obviate litigation and to better assure that if litigation is instituted, it could be disposed of early by means of summary judgment, rather than to have to proceed to trial. The Senate amended the bill by limiting the House-passed enhanced and expanded teacher protections only to those cases constituting a danger to safety, and by eliminating the “good faith” defense. The House conferees believed, but were unable to convince the Senate conferees, that the Senate-passed version would be of no use in effectuating the bill’s purpose of restoring confidence in school district policies that would promote and maintain an environment conducive to learning, and that the Senate version would reduce the likelihood that unjustified litigation could be dismissed before trial.

Rep. Gregory M. Sorg

HB 519-FN, repealing New Hampshire’s regional greenhouse gas initiative cap and trade program for controlling carbon dioxide emissions.

The committee of conference was unable to reach agreement on this bill. The House offered to delay the RGGI repeal date from January 1, 2012 to January 1, 2013 and to consider adopting RGGI reform provisions suggested by the Senate in the meantime, such as how fund monies are distributed. The Senate refused to consider this option, since it would result in a fixed repeal date. The House then offered to agree to a conditional repeal if only one other RGGI state withdrew from the program. The Senate refused to consider this option but chose to hold to its position that conditional repeal would be contingent on two New England states withdrawing, or one large New England state withdrawing. This is highly unlikely, and was unacceptable to the House. Both sides also disagreed on the economics of RGGI: the House insisting that RGGI is an added burden on New Hampshire citizens because it increases electric rates, the Senate insisting that RGGI provides social benefits because of the re-distribution of grant money.

Rep. James M. Garrity

HOUSE DEADLINES

Thursday, June 23, 2011

Last day to act on Committee of Conference reports.

Wednesday, November 2, 2011

Last day to report retained bills.

Wednesday, November 2, 2011 4:30 pm

Last day to sign-off LSRs, including requests for petitions.

LAIID ON TABLE

CACR 5, relating to the governor's power to reduce appropriations. Providing that the governor shall have line item reduction power of items in any bill making appropriations of money. (Pending question: OTP.)

CACR 14, relating to public education. Providing that the general court shall have the authority to define standards for public education, establish standards of accountability, mitigate local disparities in educational opportunity and fiscal capacity, and shall have full discretion to determine the amount of state funding for education.

HB 37-FN-A, reestablishing the initial monthly gross charge exemption to the

communications services tax. (Pending question: OTP – third reading.)
HB 154-FN-A, increasing a threshold amount for taxation under the business enterprise tax. (Pending question: OTP/A – third reading.)
HB 166-FN-A-L, reducing the rate of the meals and rooms tax. (Pending question: OTP – third reading.)
HB 213-FN-A, reducing the rate of the business profits tax. (Pending question: OTP/A – third reading.)
HB 292-FN, relative to securities regulation. (Pending question: adoption of majority committee amendment.)
HB 343-FN, establishing a permanent state defense force. (Pending question: adoption of majority committee report of inexpedient to legislate.)
HB 421, relative to candidates for United States senator. (Pending question: adoption of committee report of inexpedient to legislate.)
HB 484-FN, requiring random drug testing of food stamp program participants. (Pending question: adoption of committee report of inexpedient to legislate.)
HB 485-FN, relative to requiring photo identification for food stamp program participants. (Pending question: adoption of committee report of inexpedient to legislate.)
HB 573, relative to the administration of certain pain relief medications by a school nurse. (Pending question: adoption of committee report of inexpedient to legislate.)
HB 577, relative to the use of foreign languages by retail establishments. (Pending question: adoption of committee report of inexpedient to legislate.)
HCR 13, urging the New Hampshire delegation to support HR 459 and S. 202 requiring a comprehensive audit of the Federal Reserve.
HCR 15, urging our federal senators to vote against the Law of the Sea Convention. (Pending question: adoption of committee report of ought to pass with amendment.)
SB 55-FN, requiring certain engine coolants and antifreeze to include an aversive agent so that they are rendered unpalatable. (Pending question: adoption of the committee report of inexpedient to legislate.)
SB 88, relative to physical force in defense of a person and relative to the brandishing of a firearm or other means of self-defense. (Floor Amendment 2011-2235h)
SB 133-FN, relative to reestablishing the exemption from property taxation for telecommunications poles and conduits. (Pending question: ought to pass.)

GOVERNOR'S VETO MESSAGE REGARDING HB 109

By the authority vested in me, pursuant to part II, Article 44 of the New Hampshire Constitution, on June 15, 2011, I vetoed HB 109, an act relative to residential fire sprinklers.

HB 109 prohibits local planning boards from requiring the installation of a fire suppression sprinkler system in proposed one or two-family residences as a condition of approval for a local permits. It also lessens the ability of local communities to work cooperatively with developers to move projects forward in cost-effective ways. Instead of allowing communities to work with developers to substitute sprinkler systems, communities will now have to revert to requiring what may be more costly options: fire ponds, cisterns, wider road widths, increasing the size of building lots and increasing the size of distance between buildings.

HB 109 will also prohibit municipalities from enforcing their current sprinkler ordinances. Today, communities from Salem to Hooksett to Boscawen to Lebanon have these ordinances, which have been approved by the local governing bodies.

I believe that the decision of whether or not to require fire sprinklers for new or renovated residential development should remain a local one. The State should not dictate a required course of action. It is obviously the local community that is impacted from new residential development both in terms of land use and in terms of bearing the costs of providing increased fire protection services. This legislation will remove local control over an important issue.

The State Fire Marshal and numerous local fire departments across the State also have concerns about the ability of local officials to continue to have fire sprinkler systems as a local option.

For these reasons, I am vetoing HB 109.

Respectfully submitted,
John H. Lynch
Governor

Date: June 15, 2011

GOVERNOR'S VETO MESSAGE REGARDING HB 133

By the authority vested in me, pursuant to part II, Article 44 of the New Hampshire Constitution, on June 8, 2011, I vetoed HB133, relative to the minimum wage.

This legislation repeals New Hampshire's state minimum wage law, effectively ceding state control and authority to the federal government.

This legislation would make New Hampshire one of only a handful of states that completely defer to the federal government and do not independently establish their own minimum wage laws. I do not support turning over complete authority to the federal government to determine what makes sense for our citizens or our businesses.

The minimum wage law ensures that our citizens receive at least a minimum level of compensation for their hard work. It also helps ensure a level playing field for business owners - the overwhelming majority of whom want to give their employees a decent day's wage for a day's hard work.

New Hampshire's current minimum wage is set at the federal level, and it is appropriate. But four years ago, we agreed that - after a decade of federal inaction - we needed to act to help families meet rising costs. This legislation removes the New Hampshire legislature from that debate, and gives authority to set the minimum wage solely to the federal government.

New Hampshire's current economic strategy is working. We have one of the lowest unemployment rates in the nation. Ten thousand more people are working now than at the same time last year. We have one of the fastest-growing economies in the nation. And we have one of the highest median incomes in the nation.

New Hampshire has had a minimum wage law since 1949, and neither our citizens nor our businesses have called for its repeal. There is no need to undermine our state's economic strategy or cede our state authority to the federal government. Therefore I am vetoing this legislation.

Respectfully submitted,
John H. Lynch
Governor

Date: June 8, 2011

GOVERNOR'S VETO MESSAGE REGARDING HB 218

By the authority vested in me, pursuant to part II, Article 44 of the New Hampshire Constitution, on June 15, 2011, I vetoed HB 218, relative to the New Hampshire rail transit authority.

I am vetoing this legislation because business leaders, particularly in Nashua and Manchester, has clearly said that this bill will hurt their efforts to grow their businesses, to create jobs and to attract new companies to New Hampshire.

The New Hampshire business community has made a clear statement that it sees rail, in the words of the Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce, as "a proven economic catalyst that will spur economic development and create jobs." Several major companies have made clear that they believe rail will improve their ability to attract workers, access their markets,

attract additional customers and grow their businesses in New Hampshire. In addition, the Manchester and Nashua chambers of commerce both believe that developing the state's rail infrastructure will assist their efforts to attract new businesses and jobs to the state. That is one reason both chambers have asked me to veto this legislation. The Merrimack Town Council, the Bedford Town Council, and the Nashua Board of Aldermen have also passed resolutions expressing support for expanded rail service and the benefits it would bring to their communities.

The support of the business community is validated by an independent study that concluded that the development of rail in the capital corridor could result in more than \$2.4 billion in new business sales and nearly 1,000 new jobs created and sustained in New Hampshire in the first twenty years of operation.

HB 218 makes substantial changes to New Hampshire Rail Transit Authority that will reduce its ability to fully consider all transit options for the state. New Hampshire businesses banded together to raise \$120,000 to fund the Rail Authority's grant application without any state funds because they believe a full consideration of rail is important to New Hampshire's economic future. Going back on our commitment to the businesses who contributed funds to pay for grant applications sends the wrong signal to the private sector about state government's willingness to stand by its commitments. We should see the study through to its conclusion with a fully functioning Rail Authority so that we can make informed policy choices about the best way forward for our state.

Concerns about specific provisions in the Rail Authority statute could have been addressed through much more narrowly drafted language that would leave intact important functions of the rail authority. As currently written, this legislation takes away the rail authority's ability to enter into contracts with partner organizations, to accept gifts and to work with the private sector on economic development projects adjacent to potential rail sites.

Given the strong concerns among New Hampshire business leaders that this legislation will jeopardize their efforts to grow their businesses and create new jobs, I am vetoing House Bill 218.

Respectfully submitted,
John H. Lynch
Governor

Date: June 15, 2011

GOVERNOR'S VETO MESSAGE REGARDING HB 329

By the authority vested in me, pursuant to part II, Article 44 of the New Hampshire Constitution, on June 15, 2011, I vetoed HB 329.

I support parental notification and parental involvement in a minor's decision to seek an abortion. The decision whether to complete a pregnancy or seek an abortion is a serious and life-changing one for any pregnant woman. Minors need and benefit from the support and guidance of their parents.

However, any law must make reasonable allowances for cases where that is not possible. I am particularly troubled by the lack of an exception for the victims of rape, incest and abuse. If the legislature works with me on this change and the other limited, common-sense changes outlined in this message, I would sign parental notification legislation.

First, a young woman should not be forced to involve the person that abused her in the first place in this decision. That is why of the 36 states that require some form of parental involvement, 16 include exceptions from notification for rape or incest or abuse. There must be an exception for rape, incest and abuse in any parental notification law in New Hampshire.

Second, some of the provisions of this legislation are unclear and too narrow. The health exception does not allow a physician to sufficiently exercise his or her best medical judgment and proceed with an abortion when a delay will create a grave and immediate risk to the

minor's health.

For example, when a physician sees a minor patient who is hemorrhaging, the physician may not be able to definitively determine whether a delay in performing an abortion would result in the irreversible impairment of a major bodily function, even if the physician has determined that there is surely a grave and immediate risk to the minor's health. The bill's medical emergency provision requires a physician to determine in a very short time frame that a delay will create a serious risk of a substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function. That standard is narrow, complex and unworkable. It is difficult for a physician -- at any point in time -- to be certain that a delay will present a "serious risk" that there will be both a "substantial and irreversible" impairment of a major bodily function. If the physician chooses not go forward with the abortion because of uncertainty of the risk, the minor's health could be affected. If the physician performs the abortion and is wrong in that determination, then he or she is subject to criminal liability. The medical emergency standard now in HB 329 needs to allow physicians to exercise their full professional judgment based on all the potential serious health impacts to their patients.

Lastly, this bill subjects medical professionals to potential imprisonment and civil lawsuits without giving medical providers sufficient guidance on how to comply with the law. The law should include clear standards on what information must be collected from the minor and what records should be kept.

Because this legislation lacks an exception for rape and incest, and for the other reasons I have articulated, I am vetoing HB 329.

If the legislature passes a bill that addresses these concerns, then I am prepared to sign a parental notification law.

Respectfully submitted,
John H. Lynch
Governor

Date: June 15, 2011

GOVERNOR'S VETO MESSAGE REGARDING HB 474

By the authority vested in me, pursuant to part II, Article 44 of the New Hampshire Constitution, on May 11, 2011, I vetoed HB 474.

States should not interfere with the rights of businesses and their employees to freely negotiate contracts. That is unless there is a compelling public interest, and there is no compelling public interest in passing this legislation.

There is no evidence that this legislation will offer any benefits to New Hampshire's economy or workers.

As I have said repeatedly, New Hampshire has an economic strategy that is working. New Hampshire has one of the strongest and fastest-growing economies in the nation. We have one of the lowest unemployment rates and one of the highest median incomes in the nation. We are considered one of the safest states and one of the healthiest states, and a high percentage of our citizens have private health insurance.

New Hampshire has a lower unemployment rate and a stronger economy than most states with so-called right-to-work laws. In states with a right-to-work law, workers on average have a lower standard of living, bringing home less in their paychecks and going without health insurance more frequently.

In my time as a CEO, in my years spent in the private sector turning around companies, and in my seven years as Governor, I have never seen the so-called right-to-work law serve as a valuable economic development tool.

In the last seven years of recruiting businesses to move to New Hampshire, not one business leader has ever even asked me if New Hampshire had a right-to-work law, let alone suggested it was a factor in the company's location decision. No New Hampshire business leaders have ever told me that the lack of a so-called right-to-work law prevented them from expanding or hiring new workers here in New Hampshire. And no New Hampshire workers

have ever told me they couldn't get a job because New Hampshire doesn't have a so-called right-to-work law.

The debate over the so-called right-to-work bill in New Hampshire appears to be largely driven by national outside interest groups, and is not a result of problems facing New Hampshire businesses or workers.

There is no justification in this case for state government to interfere with the right of private businesses to freely negotiate and enter into contracts with their employees. Therefore, I am vetoing HB 474.

Respectfully submitted,
John H. Lynch
Governor

Date: May 11, 2011

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

FRIDAY, JUNE 17

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES (RSA 541-A:2), Rooms 305-307, LOB

9:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON CHILD CARE (RSA 126-A:17), Department of Health and Human Services, 4th Floor Dolloff Building, 117 Pleasant Street, Concord

9:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

FISCAL COMMITTEE (RSA 14:30-a), Rooms 210-211, LOB

10:00 a.m. Regular business.

10:30 a.m. Audits: State of New Hampshire, Department of Administrative Services, Employee and Retiree Health Benefit Program Performance Audit report June 2011.

GOVERNOR'S COMMISSION ON ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION, INTERVENTION, AND TREATMENT (RSA 12-J), Rooms 302-304, LOB

2:30 p.m. Regular meeting.

GUARDIANS AD LITEM BOARD (RSA 490-C:1), Room 101, LOB

10:00 a.m. Non-public session of the Complaint Review Committee.

Room 102, LOB

1:00 p.m. Regular meeting.

NH-CANADIAN TRADE COUNCIL (RSA 12-A:2-g), Upham Walker House, Park Street, Concord

10:00 a.m. Regular meeting. Presentation by the Department of Resources and Economic Development regarding recent trade mission to Canada.

MONDAY, JUNE 20

BOARD OF MANUFACTURED HOUSING (RSA 205-A:25), Room 201, LOB

1:00 p.m. Regular meeting.

COMMISSION ON PRIMARY CARE WORKFORCE ISSUES (RSA 126-T:1), Room 305, LOB

10:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

COMMITTEE TO STUDY EXOTIC AQUATIC WEEDS AND SPECIES (RSA 487:30), Room 308, LOB

10:30 a.m. Organizational meeting.

TUESDAY, JUNE 21

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE, (RSA 126-A:13), Room 205, LOB

10:30 a.m. Health Information Exchange subcommittee organizational meeting.
1:30 p.m. Oversight subcommittee on Child, Youth and Family organizational/regular meeting.

LONG-RANGE CAPITAL PLANNING AND UTILIZATION (RSA 17-M), Room 201, LOB

3:00 p.m. Regular business.

MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY GOVERNMENT, Room 301, LOB

10:00 a.m. Subcommittee work session on retained *HB 232-FN*, relative to abandoned homes in manufactured housing parks.

TEMPORARY COMMISSION RELATIVE TO CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE (RSA 126-H:10), Room 103, LOB

10:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

THURSDAY, JUNE 23

COMMISSION TO STUDY REQUIREMENTS FOR SAFE AND SECURE LANDFILLS (HB 672, Chapter 252:1, Laws of 2007), Room 304, LOB

9:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND ADMINISTRATION, Room 306, LOB

1:00 p.m. Subcommittee work session on retained *SB 153-FN*, relative to the regulation of real estate appraisers by the New Hampshire real estate appraiser board, *HB 476-FN*, establishing an independent board of psychologists.

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE, (RSA 126-A:13), Division of Public Health Services, Room 312, 29 Hazen Drive, Concord

2:00 p.m. Public health improvement services subcommittee meeting.

REDRESS OF GRIEVANCES, Room 307, LOB

10:00 a.m. Full committee work session.

FRIDAY, JUNE 24

ASSESSING STANDARDS BOARD (RSA 21-J:14-a), Department of Revenue Administration, 109 Pleasant Street, Concord

9:30 a.m. Regular meeting.
10:00 a.m. Rulemaking hearing.

ENVIRONMENT AND AGRICULTURE

10:00 a.m. Tour Guy Comtois' Farm in Center Barnstead.

NEW HAMPSHIRE RAIL TRANSIT AUTHORITY BOARD OF DIRECTORS (RSA 238-A:2), Room 201, LOB

10:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION ADVISORY COUNCIL (RSA 281-A:62), Rooms 305- 307, LOB

10:00 a.m. Rescheduled regular meeting.

MONDAY, JUNE 27

ADVANCED MANUFACTURING EDUCATION ADVISORY COUNCIL (RSA 188-E:21), Room 101, LOB

3:00 p.m. Regular meeting.

OIL FUND DISBURSEMENT (RSA 146-D:4), Room 305, LOB

9:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

TASK FORCE ON WORK AND FAMILY (RSA 276-B:1), Room 206, LOB

1:00 p.m. Regular meeting.

TUESDAY, JUNE 28

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND ADMINISTRATION, Room 306, LOB

10:00 a.m. Subcommittee work session on retained **HB 260**, relative to the state fire code and the appeal process for decisions of the state fire marshal.

10:30 a.m. Subcommittee work session on retained **HB 458-FN-A**, establishing a sunset review process for executive agency and judicial programs and making an appropriation therefor.

11:00 a.m. Subcommittee work session on retained **HB 625-FN-A**, relative to New Hampshire correctional industries.

THURSDAY, JUNE 30

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND ADMINISTRATION, Room 306, LOB

10:00 a.m. Subcommittee work session on retained **HB 480-FN**, establishing a state renovation, repair, and painting (RRP) rule program relative to lead-safe practices.

NH INNOVATION RESEARCH CENTER OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE (RSA 187-A:32), UNH School of Law, Board Room, 2 White Street, Concord

9:00 a.m. Regular meeting.

THURSDAY, JULY 7

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES (RSA 541-A:2), Rooms 305-307, LOB

9:00 a.m. Continued regular meeting.

FRIDAY, JULY 8

ADVISORY COUNCIL ON UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION (RSA 282-A:128), Office of NH Employment Security, 32 South Main Street, Concord

9:00 a.m. Subcommittee meeting on seasonal employment.

STATE SUGGESTION AND EXTRAORDINARY SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM (RSA 99-E), Room 101, LOB

9:30 a.m. Regular meeting.

MONDAY, JULY 11

GUARDIANS AD LITEM BOARD (RSA 490-C:1), Room 101, LOB

1:00 p.m. Regular meeting.

THURSDAY, JULY 14

**HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE, (RSA 126-A:13),
Hospital Association Building, Airport Road, Concord**
1:00 p.m. Medical sharps subcommittee meeting.

OFFICIAL NOTICES

COUNTY DELEGATION NOTICE

Hillsborough County Executive Committee will hold a public hearing on **June 21, 2011**, at 329 Mast Road, Goffstown NH at 6:00 p.m. to accept public input on four (4) Collective Bargaining Agreements and the F/Y 12 Budget. The Executive Committee will meet immediately following the public hearing.

Rep. Carl Seidel, Chairman
Hillsborough County Executive Committee

Hillsborough County Delegation will meet on **June 23, 2011** at 329 Mast Road, Goffstown NH at 6:00 p.m. to consider four (4) Collective Bargaining Agreements and the F/Y 12 budget.

Rep. Carl Seidel, Chairman
Hillsborough County Delegation

REVISED FISCAL NOTES

The following House and Senate Bills have a revised fiscal note: HBs 25, 26, 35, 37, 49, 72, 131, 136, 147, 154, 186, 187, 205, 206, 213, 222, 224, 225, 228, 229, 231, 232, 234, 238, 242, 256, 261, 262, 264, 265, 266, 268, 270, 274, 276, 277, 284, 288, 292, 293, 299, 302, 303, 309, 310, 311, 325, 329, 330, 332, 333, 335, 337, 340, 343, 344, 345, 347, 353, 356, 365, 368, 369, 377, 388, 411, 418, 419, 420, 439, 440, 441, 444, 448, 451, 452, 453, 454, 456, 459, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 470, 471, 472, 477, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 502, 504, 505, 506, 507, 509, 515, 517, 518, 519, 522, 523, 528, 529, 537, 539, 542, 557, 569, 571, 580, 601, 602, 609, 619, 621, 622, 626, 627, 628, 629, 634, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 650 SBs 1, 3, 20, 21, 22, 53, 58, 72, 75, 81, 129, 147, 152, 154, 156, 157, 161, 162, 170.

Karen O. Wadsworth, Clerk of the House

When the House Clerk's Office is aware of House Members who are hospitalized or homebound by serious illness, we will publish a list of names and addresses as requested. Rep. Roland P. Hofemann, 18 Wellington Avenue, Dover, New Hampshire 03820-2002
Colleagues who so desire may send cards and greetings to the address listed above.

Karen O. Wadsworth, Clerk of the House

MEMBERS' NOTICES

The following notices are published in the House record as a courtesy to the member(s) requesting publication. These are not official public notices and will be limited to legislative policy or legislative social activities and political meetings or events. Publication should not be construed as support for either the events listed or the views espoused by the individual or

organization sponsoring the event.

The Nashua Area Federated Republican Women will honor Jennifer Horn at the NAFRW 2011 Woman of the Year Luncheon on Monday, **June 20th** at 11:00 a.m. at the Crowne Plaza, Exit 8, Nashua- Former Minnesota First Lady, Mary Pawlenty, is the guest speaker. Cost: \$25. Registered Republicans RSVP to Rep. Jeanine Notter before Monday, June 13th.
Rep. Jeanine Notter

The New Hampshire House Business Coalition will meet at 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, **June 21** in Room 202, LOB. Please contact Rep. Laurie J. Sanborn at repsanborn@gmail.com.
Rep. Laurie J. Sanborn

General Court Lodge No. 1784, Free & Accepted Masons, will be holding a special meeting in the State Senate Chamber on Tuesday **June 21** at 6:00 p.m. There will then be a reception following the meeting at Tandy's Top Shelf across the street from the State House. The Grand Master will be in attendance and all Masons are welcome and encouraged to attend.
Rep. Shawn N. Jasper

The New Hampshire Order of Women Legislators will meet during the lunch break from session on Wednesday, **June 22** in the 3rd Floor Conference Room at the State House. Bring your own lunch.

Rep. Laura C. Pantelakos

The Sullivan County Republican Committee announces the opening of it's new office at 12 Main Street, Newport, NH and the next committee meeting will be on **June 25th**, at 8:30 a.m. New Hampshire House Speaker, the Honorable William O'Brien, together with Republican State Committee Chairman Jack Kimball, will be presiding at the ribbon cutting and open house for the new office and various Republican notables will be present. This will take place on June 25th, 2011 at 10:00 a.m. All Republicans are welcome.

Rep. Steven Cunningham

The New Hampshire Liberty Alliance, publisher of the Gold Standard, invites all members to attend our annual Liberty Dinner. The NHLA Legislator of the Year award will be announced and the annual Liberty Rating legislative report card will be distributed. Date/time: Sunday, **July 10** at Chateau Restaurant, 201 Hanover St. in Manchester, 5:00 p.m. reception, 6:00 p.m. dinner. Legislators receive a discounted price of only \$25 which may be paid at the door. RSVP to info@nhliberty.org. More details at nhliberty.org.

Reps. Carol M. McGuire, Dan McGuire, Jennifer R. Coffey, Seth Cohn, Mark Warden

The Main Street Republicans meet on Tuesdays at 8:30 a.m. in Room 104, LOB. All Republican House members are welcome.

Rep. Kenneth H. Gould

All members of the Republican caucus are invited to the House Republican Alliance's weekly meeting. The HRA will meet Tuesdays at 8:00 a.m. in Rooms 306-308, LOB.

Reps. Dan McGuire, Marilinda Garcia and Stephen Palmer

The Natural Rights Council will hold its weekly meeting at 8:00 a.m. Wednesday at Caffenio, 84 North Main Street. All House members are welcome. NRC is a bi-partisan group dedicated to upholding principles outlined in Article 2, Part I of the NH Constitution.

Reps. Mark Warden, Andrew Manuse and Seth Cohn