

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION

11Mar2026... 0365h
05/14/2026 1623s
05/14/2026 1916s
4Jun2026... 2090CofC
4Jun2026... 2184EBA

2026 SESSION

26-2533
05/09

HOUSE BILL ***1772-FN-A***

AN ACT relative to prescribing ibogaine for investigational use only and adopting the physician
associate licensure compact.

SPONSORS: Rep. Moffett, Merr. 4; Rep. Ammon, Hills. 42; Rep. Edwards, Rock. 31; Rep. Foss,
Hills. 41; Rep. Freeman, Belk. 8; Rep. Roy, Rock. 31; Sen. McGough, Dist 11; Sen.
Pearl, Dist 17

COMMITTEE: Health, Human Services and Elderly Affairs

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill:

I. Permits licensed health care providers to administer ibogaine under the framework of an FDA-
approved research protocol.

II. Adopts the PA licensure compact.

Explanation: Matter added to current law appears in ***bold italics***.
Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struck through.]
Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION

11Mar2026... 0365h
05/14/2026 1623s
05/14/2026 1916s
4Jun2026... 2090CofC
4Jun2026... 2184EBA

26-2533
05/09

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty-Six

AN ACT relative to prescribing ibogaine for investigational use only and adopting the physician associate licensure compact.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 333:1 New Subdivision; Ibogaine; Administered Under FDA-Approved Research Protocol. Amend
2 RSA 329 by inserting after section 1-h the following new subdivision:

3 Ibogaine; Administered Under FDA-Approved Research Protocol

4 329:1-i Ibogaine; Administered Under FDA-approved Research Protocol. To the extent allowable by
5 federal law, licensed physicians or qualified licensed practitioners may administer ibogaine under the
6 framework of an FDA-approved research protocol.

7 333:2 New Section; Physician Associates; Physician Associate Licensure Compact Adopted. Amend
8 RSA 328-D by inserting after section 18 the following new section:

9 328-D:18-a Physician Associate Licensure Compact Adopted. The state of New Hampshire hereby
10 adopts the provisions of the physician associate licensure compact as follows:

11 Section 1. Purpose.

12 In order to strengthen access to medical services, and in recognition of the advances in the delivery of
13 medical services, the participating states of the PA licensure compact have allied in common purpose to
14 develop a comprehensive process that complements the existing authority of state licensing boards to
15 license and discipline PAs and seeks to enhance the portability of a license to practice as a PA while
16 safeguarding the safety of patients. This compact allows medical services to be provided by PAs, via the
17 mutual recognition of the licensee's qualifying license by other compact participating states. This compact
18 also adopts the prevailing standard for PA licensure and affirms that the practice and delivery of medical
19 services by the PA occurs where the patient is located at the time of the patient encounter, and therefore
20 requires the PA to be under the jurisdiction of the state licensing board where the patient is located. State
21 licensing boards that participate in this compact retain the jurisdiction to impose adverse action against a
22 compact privilege in that state issued to a PA through the procedures of this compact. The PA licensure
23 compact will alleviate burdens for military families by allowing active duty military personnel and their
24 spouses to obtain a compact privilege based on having an unrestricted license in good standing from a
25 participating state.

26 Section 2. Definitions.

27 In this compact:

28 A. "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a
29 state's laws which is imposed by a licensing board or other authority against a PA license or license

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 2 -

1 application or compact privilege such as license denial, censure, revocation, suspension, probation,
2 monitoring of the licensee, or restriction on the licensee's practice.

3 B. "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote state to allow a licensee from
4 another participating state to practice as a PA to provide medical services and other licensed activity to a
5 patient located in the remote state under the remote state's laws and regulations.

6 C. "Conviction" means a finding by a court that an individual is guilty of a felony or misdemeanor
7 offense through adjudication or entry of a plea of guilt or no contest to the charge by the offender.

8 D. "Criminal background check" means the submission of fingerprints or other biometric based
9 information for a license applicant for the purpose of obtaining that applicant's criminal history record
10 information, as defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(d), from the state's criminal history record repository as
11 defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(f).

12 E. "Data system" means the repository of information about licensees, including but not limited to
13 license status and adverse actions, which is created and administered under the terms of this compact.

14 F. "Executive committee" means a group of directors and ex-officio individuals elected or appointed
15 pursuant to Section 7.F.2.

16 G. "Impaired practitioner" means a PA whose practice is adversely affected by health related
17 condition(s) that impact their ability to practice.

18 H. "Investigative information" means information, records, or documents received or generated by a
19 licensing board pursuant to an investigation.

20 I. "Jurisprudence requirement" means the assessment of an individual's knowledge of the laws and
21 rules governing the practice of a PA in a state.

22 J. "License" means current authorization by a state, other than authorization pursuant to a compact
23 privilege, for a PA to provide medical services, which would be unlawful without current authorization.

24 K. "Licensee" means an individual who holds a license from a state to provide medical services as a
25 PA.

26 L. "Licensing board" means any state entity authorized to license and otherwise regulate PAs.

27 M. "Medical services" means health care services provided for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment,
28 cure, or relief of a health condition, injury, or disease, as defined by a state's laws and regulations.

29 N. "Model compact" means the model for the PA licensure compact on file with the council of state
30 governments or other entity as designated by the commission.

31 O. "Participating state" means a state that has enacted this compact.

32 P. "PA" means an individual who is licensed as a physician associate in a state. For purposes of this
33 compact, any other title or status adopted by a state to replace the term "physician assistant" shall be
34 deemed synonymous with "physician associate" and shall confer the same rights and responsibilities to
35 the licensee under the provisions of this compact at the time of its enactment.

36 Q. "PA licensure compact commission," "compact commission," or "commission" mean the national
37 administrative body created pursuant to section 7.A of this compact.

38 R. "Qualifying license" means an unrestricted license issued by a participating state to provide
39 medical services as a PA.

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 3 -

1 S. "Remote state" means a participating state where a licensee who is not licensed as a PA is
2 exercising or seeking to exercise the compact privilege.

3 T. "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by an entity that has the force and effect of law.

4 U. "Significant investigative information" means investigative information that a licensing board, after
5 an inquiry or investigation that includes notification and an opportunity for the PA to respond if required by
6 state law, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if proven true, would indicate more than a minor
7 infraction.

8 V. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or territory of the United States.

9 Section 3. State Participation in this Compact.

10 A. To participate in this compact, a participating state shall:

- 11 1. License PAs.
- 12 2. Participate in the compact commission's data system.
- 13 3. Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints against licensees and
14 license applicants.
- 15 4. Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of this compact and commission rules, of
16 any adverse action against a licensee or license applicant and the existence of significant investigative
17 information regarding a licensee or license applicant.
- 18 5. Fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a time frame established by
19 commission rule, by its licensing board receiving the results of a criminal background check and reporting
20 to the commission whether the license applicant has been granted a license.
- 21 6. Comply with the rules of the compact commission.
- 22 7. Utilize passage of a recognized national exam such as the NCCPA PANCE as a requirement
23 for PA licensure.
- 24 8. Grant the compact privilege to a holder of a qualifying license in a participating state.

25 B. Nothing in this compact prohibits a participating state from charging a fee for granting the compact
26 privilege.

27 Section 4. Compact Privilege.

28 A. To exercise the compact privilege, a licensee must:

- 29 1. Have graduated from a PA program accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on
30 Education for the Physician Assistant, Inc. or other programs authorized by commission rule.
- 31 2. Hold current NCCPA certification.
- 32 3. Have no felony or misdemeanor conviction.
- 33 4. Have never had a controlled substance license, permit, or registration suspended or revoked
34 by a state or by the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
- 35 5. Have a unique identifier as determined by commission rule.
- 36 6. Hold a qualifying license.
- 37 7. Have had no revocation of a license or limitation or restriction on any license currently held
38 due to an adverse action.

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 4 -

1 8. If a licensee has had a limitation or restriction on a license or compact privilege due to an
2 adverse action, 2 years must have elapsed from the date on which the license or compact privilege is no
3 longer limited or restricted due to the adverse action.

4 9. If a compact privilege has been revoked or is limited or restricted in a participating state for
5 conduct that would not be a basis for disciplinary action in a participating state in which the licensee is
6 practicing or applying to practice under a compact privilege, that participating state shall have the
7 discretion not to consider such action as an adverse action requiring the denial or removal of a compact
8 privilege in that state.

9 10. Notify the compact commission that the licensee is seeking the compact privilege in a remote
10 state.

11 11. Meet any jurisprudence requirement of a remote state in which the licensee is seeking to
12 practice under the compact privilege and pay any fees applicable to satisfying the jurisprudence
13 requirement.

14 12. Report to the commission any adverse action taken by a non-participating state within 30
15 days after the action is taken.

16 B. The compact privilege is valid until the expiration or revocation of the qualifying license unless
17 terminated pursuant to an adverse action. The licensee must also comply with all of the requirements of
18 subsection A above to maintain the compact privilege in a remote state. If the participating state takes
19 adverse action against a qualifying license, the licensee shall lose the compact privilege in any remote
20 state in which the licensee has a compact privilege until all of the following occur:

21 1. The license is no longer limited or restricted; and

22 2. Two years have elapsed from the date on which the license is no longer limited or restricted
23 due to the adverse action.

24 C. Once a restricted or limited license satisfies the requirements of subsection B.1 and 2, the
25 licensee must meet the requirements of subsection A to obtain a compact privilege in any remote state.

26 D. For each remote state in which a PA seeks authority to prescribe controlled substances, the PA
27 shall satisfy all requirements imposed by such state in granting or renewing such authority.

28 Section 5. Designation of the State from Which Licensee is Applying for a Compact Privilege.

29 A. Upon a licensee's application for a compact privilege, the licensee shall identify to the commission
30 the participating state from which the licensee is applying, in accordance with applicable rules adopted by
31 the commission, and subject to the following requirements:

32 1. When applying for a compact privilege, the licensee shall provide the commission with the
33 address of the licensee's primary residence and thereafter shall immediately report to the commission any
34 change in the address of the licensee's primary residence.

35 2. When applying for a compact privilege, the licensee is required to consent to accept service of
36 process by mail at the licensee's primary residence on file with the commission with respect to any action
37 brought against the licensee by the commission or a participating state, including a subpoena, with
38 respect to any action brought or investigation conducted by the commission or a participating state.

39 Section 6. Adverse Actions.

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 5 -

1 A. A participating state in which a licensee is licensed shall have exclusive power to impose adverse
2 action against the qualifying license issued by that participating state.

3 B. In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a remote state shall have the authority, in
4 accordance with existing state due process law, to do all of the following:

5 1. Take adverse action against a PA's compact privilege within that state to remove a licensee's
6 compact privilege or take other action necessary under applicable law to protect the health and safety of
7 its citizens.

8 2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and
9 testimony of witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a
10 participating state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from
11 another participating state shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction,
12 according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings
13 pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other
14 fees required by the service statutes of the state in which the witnesses or evidence are located.

15 3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, subpoenas may not be issued by a participating state to gather
16 evidence of conduct in another state that is lawful in that other state for the purpose of taking adverse
17 action against a licensee's compact privilege or application for a compact privilege in that participating
18 state.

19 4. Nothing in this compact authorizes a participating state to impose discipline against a PA's
20 compact privilege or to deny an application for a compact privilege in that participating state for the
21 individual's otherwise lawful practice in another state.

22 C. For purposes of taking adverse action, the participating state which issued the qualifying license
23 shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received from any other participating state as it
24 would if the conduct had occurred within the participating state which issued the qualifying license. In so
25 doing, that participating state shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action.

26 D. A participating state, if otherwise permitted by state law, may recover from the affected PA the
27 costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that PA.

28 E. A participating state may take adverse action based on the factual findings of a remote state,
29 provided that the participating state follows its own procedures for taking the adverse action.

30 F. Joint investigations.

31 1. In addition to the authority granted to a participating state by its respective state PA laws and
32 regulations or other applicable state law, any participating state may participate with other participating
33 states in joint investigations of licensees.

34 2. Participating states shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials in
35 furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under this compact.

36 G. If an adverse action is taken against a PA's qualifying license, the PA's compact privilege in all
37 remote states shall be deactivated until 2 years have elapsed after all restrictions have been removed
38 from the state license. All disciplinary orders by the participating state which issued the qualifying license

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 6 -

1 that impose adverse action against a PA's license shall include a statement that the PA's compact
2 privilege is deactivated in all participating states during the pendency of the order.

3 H. If any participating state takes adverse action, it promptly shall notify the administrator of the data
4 system.

5 Section 7. Establishment of the PA Licensure Compact Commission.

6 A. The participating states hereby create and establish a joint government agency and national
7 administrative body known as the PA licensure compact commission. The commission is an
8 instrumentality of the compact states acting jointly and not an instrumentality of any one state. The
9 commission shall come into existence on or after the effective date of the compact as set forth in section
10 11.A.

11 B. Membership, voting, and meetings.

12 1. Each participating state shall have and be limited to one delegate selected by that participating
13 state's licensing board or, if the state has more than one licensing board, selected collectively by the
14 participating state's licensing boards.

15 2. The delegate shall be either:

- 16 a. A current PA, physician, or public member of a licensing board or PA council/committee; or
17 b. An administrator of a licensing board.

18 3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the laws of the state
19 from which the delegate is appointed.

20 4. The participating state licensing board shall fill any vacancy occurring in the commission within
21 60 days.

22 5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote on all matters voted on by the commission and
23 shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the commission. A
24 delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide
25 for delegates' participation in meetings by telecommunications, video conference, or other means of
26 communication.

27 6. The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings shall
28 be held as set forth in this compact and the bylaws.

29 7. The commission shall establish by rule a term of office for delegates.

30 C. The commission shall have the following powers and duties:

- 31 1. Establish a code of ethics for the commission;
32 2. Establish the fiscal year of the commission;
33 3. Establish fees;
34 4. Establish bylaws;
35 5. Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;

36 6. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this compact and the
37 bylaws;

38 7. Promulgate rules to facilitate and coordinate implementation and administration of this
39 compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in all participating states;

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 7 -

1 8. Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission, provided that
2 the standing of any state licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;

3 9. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

4 10. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees
5 of a participating state;

6 11. Hire employees and engage contractors, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define
7 duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of this compact, and
8 establish the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications
9 of personnel, and other related personnel matters;

10 12. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies,
11 materials and services, and receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the
12 commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest;

13 13. Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise own, hold, improve, or
14 use, any property, real, personal or mixed; provided that at all times the commission shall avoid any
15 appearance of impropriety;

16 14. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
17 property real, personal, or mixed;

18 15. Establish a budget and make expenditures;

19 16. Borrow money;

20 17. Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of members, state regulators,
21 state legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such other interested
22 persons as may be designated in this compact and the bylaws;

23 18. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;

24 19. Elect a chair, vice chair, secretary, and treasurer and such other officers of the commission
25 as provided in the commission's bylaws.

26 20. Reserve for itself, in addition to those reserved exclusively to the commission under the
27 compact, powers that the executive committee may not exercise;

28 21. Approve or disapprove a state's participation in the compact based upon its determination as
29 to whether the state's compact legislation departs in a material manner from the model compact
30 language;

31 22. Prepare and provide to the participating states an annual report; and

32 23. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of
33 this compact consistent with the state regulation of PA licensure and practice.

34 D. Meetings of the commission.

35 1. All meetings of the commission that are not closed pursuant to this subsection shall be open to
36 the public. Notice of public meetings shall be posted on the commission's website at least 30 days prior
37 to the public meeting.

38 2. Notwithstanding subsection D.1 of this section, the commission may convene a public meeting
39 by providing at least 24 hours prior notice on the commission's website, and any other means as provided

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 8 -

1 in the commission's rules, for any of the reasons it may dispense with notice of proposed rulemaking
2 under section 9.L.

3 3. The commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting or non-public part of a public
4 meeting to receive legal advice or to discuss:

- 5 a. Non-compliance of a participating state with its obligations under this compact;
- 6 b. The employment, compensation, discipline, or other matters, practices or procedures
7 related to specific employees or other matters related to the commission's internal personnel practices
8 and procedures;
- 9 c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
- 10 d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
- 11 e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
- 12 f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or
13 confidential;
- 14 g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly
15 unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- 16 h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
- 17 i. Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or
18 for use of the commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination
19 of compliance issues pursuant to this compact;
- 20 j. Legal advice; or
- 21 k. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or participating states' statutes.

22 4. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this provision, the chair of the
23 meeting or the chair's designee shall certify that the meeting or portion of the meeting may be closed and
24 shall reference each relevant exempting provision.

25 5. The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a
26 meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, including a description of the
27 views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such
28 minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a
29 majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

30 E. Financing of the commission.

31 1. The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its
32 establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

33 2. The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations, and grants
34 of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.

35 3. The commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each participating state
36 and may impose compact privilege fees on licensees of participating states to whom a compact privilege
37 is granted to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and its staff, which must be
38 in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved by the commission each year for which

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 9 -

1 revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount levied on
2 participating states shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by commission rule.

3 a. A compact privilege expires when the licensee's qualifying license in the participating state
4 from which the licensee applied for the compact privilege expires.

5 b. If the licensee terminates the qualifying license through which the licensee applied for the
6 compact privilege before its scheduled expiration, and the licensee has a qualifying license in another
7 participating state, the licensee shall inform the commission that it is changing to that participating state
8 the participating state through which it applies for a compact privilege and pay to the commission any
9 compact privilege fee required by commission rule.

10 4. The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to
11 meet the same; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the participating states, except by
12 and with the authority of the participating state.

13 5. The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts
14 and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the financial review and accounting procedures
15 established under its bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be
16 subject to an annual financial review by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the
17 financial review shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.

18 F. The executive committee.

19 1. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the commission according to
20 the terms of this compact and commission rules.

21 2. The executive committee shall be composed of 9 members:

22 a. Seven voting members who are elected by the commission from the current membership
23 of the commission;

24 b. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national PA professional association;
25 and

26 c. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from a recognized national PA certification organization.

27 3. The ex-officio members will be selected by their respective organizations.

28 4. The commission may remove any member of the executive committee as provided in its
29 bylaws.

30 5. The executive committee shall meet at least annually.

31 6. The executive committee shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

32 a. Recommend to the commission changes to the commission's rules or bylaws, changes to
33 this compact legislation, fees to be paid by compact participating states such as annual dues, and any
34 commission compact fee charged to licensees for the compact privilege;

35 b. Ensure compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual or
36 otherwise;

37 c. Prepare and recommend the budget;

38 d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission;

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 10 -

1 e. Monitor compact compliance of participating states and provide compliance reports to the
2 commission;

3 f. Establish additional committees as necessary;

4 g. Exercise the powers and duties of the commission during the interim between commission
5 meetings, except for issuing proposed rulemaking or adopting commission rules or bylaws, or exercising
6 any other powers and duties exclusively reserved to the commission by the commission's rules; and

7 h. Perform other duties as provided in the commission's rules or bylaws.

8 7. All meeting of the executive committee at which it votes or plans to vote on matters in
9 exercising the powers and duties of the commission shall be open to the public and public notice of such
10 meetings shall be given as public meetings of the commission are given.

11 8. The executive committee may convene in a closed, non-public meeting for the same reasons
12 that the commission may convene in a non-public meeting as set forth in section 7.D.3 and shall
13 announce the closed meeting as the commission is required to under section 7.D.4 and keep minutes of
14 the closed meeting as the commission is required to under section 7.D.5.

15 G. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

16 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of the commission
17 shall be immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their official capacity, for any claim for
18 damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual
19 or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a
20 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties or
21 responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from
22 suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton
23 misconduct of that person. The procurement of insurance of any type by the commission shall not in any
24 way compromise or limit the immunity granted hereunder.

25 2. The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, and
26 representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or
27 alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or
28 responsibilities, or as determined by the commission that the person against whom the claim is made had
29 a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or
30 responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining their
31 own counsel at their own expense; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission
32 did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.

33 3. The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director,
34 employee, and representative of the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained
35 against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the
36 scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis
37 for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided
38 that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton
39 misconduct of that person.

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 11 -

1 4. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought solely
2 and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is located.
3 The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses in any proceedings as authorized by
4 commission rules.

5 5. Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any licensee for professional
6 malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other applicable state laws.

7 6. Nothing herein shall be construed to designate the venue or jurisdiction to bring actions for
8 alleged acts of malpractice, professional misconduct, negligence, or other such civil action pertaining to
9 the practice of a PA. All such matters shall be determined exclusively by state law other than this
10 compact.

11 7. Nothing in this compact shall be interpreted to waive or otherwise abrogate a participating
12 state's state action immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to antitrust claims under the
13 Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or any other state or federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or regulation.

14 8. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity by the
15 participating states or by the commission.

16 Section 8. Data System.

17 A. The commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, operation, and utilization of a
18 coordinated data and reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and the reporting of the
19 existence of significant investigative information on all licensed PAs and applicants denied a license in
20 participating states.

21 B. Notwithstanding any other state law to the contrary, a participating state shall submit a uniform
22 data set to the data system on all PAs to whom this compact is applicable (utilizing a unique identifier) as
23 required by the rules of the commission, including:

- 24 1. Identifying information;
- 25 2. Licensure data;
- 26 3. Adverse actions against a license or compact privilege;
- 27 4. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) for such denial (excluding the
28 reporting of any criminal history record information where prohibited by law);
- 29 5. The existence of significant investigative information; and
- 30 6. Other information that may facilitate the administration of this compact, as determined by the
31 rules of the commission.

32 C. Significant investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any participating state shall only be
33 available to other participating states.

34 D. The commission shall promptly notify all participating states of any adverse action taken against a
35 licensee or an individual applying for a license that has been reported to it. This adverse action
36 information shall be available to any other participating state.

37 E. Participating states contributing information to the data system may, in accordance with state or
38 federal law, designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 12 -

1 of the contributing state. Notwithstanding any such designation, such information shall be reported to the
2 commission through the data system.

3 F. Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently expunged pursuant to federal
4 law or the laws of the participating state contributing the information shall be removed from the data
5 system upon reporting of such by the participating state to the commission.

6 G. The records and information provided to a participating state pursuant to this compact or through
7 the data system, when certified by the commission or an agent thereof, shall constitute the authenticated
8 business records of the commission, and shall be entitled to any associated hearsay exception in any
9 relevant judicial, quasi-judicial or administrative proceedings in a participating state.

10 Section 9. Rulemaking.

11 A. The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this
12 section and the rules adopted thereunder. Commission rules shall become binding as of the date
13 specified by the commission for each rule.

14 B. The commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently implement
15 and administer this compact and achieve its purposes. A commission rule shall be invalid and have no
16 force or effect only if a court of competent jurisdiction holds that the rule is invalid because the
17 commission exercised its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of
18 this compact, or the powers granted hereunder, or based upon another applicable standard of review.

19 C. The rules of the commission shall have the force of law in each participating state, provided
20 however that where the rules of the commission conflict with the laws of the participating state that
21 establish the medical services a PA may perform in the participating state, as held by a court of
22 competent jurisdiction, the rules of the commission shall be ineffective in that state to the extent of the
23 conflict.

24 D. If a majority of the legislatures of the participating states reject a commission rule, by enactment of
25 a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt this compact within 4 years of the date of
26 adoption of the rule, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any participating state or to
27 any state applying to participate in the compact.

28 E. Commission rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the commission.

29 F. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least 30 days
30 in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the commission shall file a
31 notice of proposed rulemaking:

32 1. On the website of the commission or other publicly accessible platform; and

33 2. To persons who have requested notice of the commission's notices of proposed rulemaking,

34 and

35 3. In such other way(s) as the commission may by rule specify.

36 G. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:

37 1. The time, date, and location of the public hearing on the proposed rule and the proposed time,
38 date, and location of the meeting in which the proposed rule will be considered and voted upon;

39 2. The text of the proposed rule and the reason for the proposed rule;

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 13 -

1 3. A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person and the date by
2 which written comments must be received; and

3 4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the commission of their intention
4 to attend the public hearing or provide any written comments.

5 H. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall allow persons to submit written data,
6 facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made available to the public.

7 I. If the hearing is to be held via electronic means, the commission shall publish the mechanism for
8 access to the electronic hearing.

9 1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall as directed in the notice of proposed
10 rulemaking, not less than 5 business days before the scheduled date of the hearing, notify the
11 commission of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing.

12 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to comment a fair
13 and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing.

14 3. All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the recording and the written comments, data, facts,
15 opinions, and arguments received in response to the proposed rulemaking shall be made available to a
16 person upon request.

17 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each proposed
18 rule. Proposed rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this
19 section.

20 J. Following the public hearing the commission shall consider all written and oral comments timely
21 received.

22 K. The commission shall, by majority vote of all delegates, take final action on the proposed rule and
23 shall determine the effective date of the rule, if adopted, based on the rulemaking record and the full text
24 of the rule.

25 1. If adopted, the rule shall be posted on the commission's website.

26 2. The commission may adopt changes to the proposed rule provided the changes do not enlarge
27 the original purpose of the proposed rule.

28 3. The commission shall provide on its website an explanation of the reasons for substantive
29 changes made to the proposed rule as well as reasons for substantive changes not made that were
30 recommended by commenters.

31 4. The commission shall determine a reasonable effective date for the rule. Except for an
32 emergency as provided in subsection L, the effective date of the rule shall be no sooner than 30 days after
33 the commission issued the notice that it adopted the rule.

34 L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an
35 emergency rule with 24 hours prior notice, without the opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that
36 the usual rulemaking procedures provided in this compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied
37 to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the
38 rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately by
39 the commission in order to:

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 14 -

- 1 1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
- 2 2. Prevent a loss of commission or participating state funds;
- 3 3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of a commission rule that is established by federal law or
- 4 rule; or
- 5 4. Protect public health and safety.

6 M. The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct revisions to a
7 previously adopted commission rule for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format,
8 errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website
9 of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of 30 days after
10 posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to
11 a rule. A challenge shall be made as set forth in the notice of revisions and delivered to the commission
12 prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further
13 action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the
14 commission.

15 N. No participating state's rulemaking requirements shall apply under this compact.

16 Section 10. Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement.

17 A. Oversight.

18 1. The executive and judicial branches of state government in each participating state shall
19 enforce this compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement the compact.

20 2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought solely
21 and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is located.
22 The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to
23 participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein shall affect or limit the selection
24 or propriety of venue in any action against a licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct or any such
25 similar matter.

26 3. The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any proceeding regarding the
27 enforcement or interpretation of the compact or the commission's rules and shall have standing to
28 intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the commission with service of process
29 shall render a judgment or order in such proceeding void as to the commission, this compact, or
30 commission rules.

31 B. Default, technical assistance, and termination.

32 1. If the commission determines that a participating state has defaulted in the performance of its
33 obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the commission rules, the commission shall provide
34 written notice to the defaulting state and other participating states. The notice shall describe the default,
35 the proposed means of curing the default and any other action that the commission may take and shall
36 offer remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

37 2. If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from this
38 compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the delegates of the participating states, and all rights,
39 privileges and benefits conferred by this compact upon such state may be terminated on the effective date

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 15 -

1 of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities
2 incurred during the period of default.

3 3. Termination of participation in this compact shall be imposed only after all other means of
4 securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the
5 commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and to
6 the licensing board(s) of each of the participating states.

7 4. A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
8 incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective
9 date of termination.

10 5. The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that
11 has been terminated from this compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the
12 defaulting state.

13 6. The defaulting state may appeal its termination from the compact by the commission by
14 petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the
15 commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation,
16 including reasonable attorney's fees.

17 7. Upon the termination of a state's participation in the compact, the state shall immediately
18 provide notice to all licensees within that state of such termination:

19 a. Licensees who have been granted a compact privilege in that state shall retain the
20 compact privilege for 180 days following the effective date of such termination.

21 b. Licensees who are licensed in that state who have been granted a compact privilege in a
22 participating state shall retain the compact privilege for 180 days unless the licensee also has a qualifying
23 license in a participating state or obtains a qualifying license in a participating state before the 180-day
24 period ends, in which case the compact privilege shall continue.

25 C. Dispute resolution.

26 1. Upon request by a participating state, the commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related
27 to this compact that arise among participating states and between participating and non-participating
28 states.

29 2. The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute
30 resolution for disputes as appropriate.

31 D. Enforcement.

32 1. The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions of
33 this compact and rules of the commission.

34 2. If compliance is not secured after all means to secure compliance have been exhausted, by
35 majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of
36 Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices, against a participating state
37 in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of this compact and the commission's promulgated
38 rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 16 -

1 enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
2 reasonable attorney's fees.

3 3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission
4 may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.

5 E. Legal action against the commission.

6 1. A participating state may initiate legal action against the commission in the United States
7 District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal
8 offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its rules. The relief sought may
9 include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing
10 party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

11 2. No person other than a participating state shall enforce this compact against the commission.

12 Section 11. Date of Implementation of the PA Licensure Compact Commission.

13 A. This compact shall come into effect on the date on which this compact statute is enacted into law
14 in the seventh participating state.

15 1. On or after the effective date of the compact, the commission shall convene and review the
16 enactment of each of the states that enacted the compact prior to the commission convening ("charter
17 participating states") to determine if the statute enacted by each such charter participating state is
18 materially different than the model compact.

19 a. A charter participating state whose enactment is found to be materially different from the
20 model compact shall be entitled to the default process set forth in section 10.B.

21 b. If any participating state later withdraws from the compact or its participation is terminated,
22 the commission shall remain in existence and the compact shall remain in effect even if the number of
23 participating states should be less than 7. Participating states enacting the compact subsequent to the
24 commission convening shall be subject to the process set forth in section 7.C.21 to determine if their
25 enactments are materially different from the model compact and whether they qualify for participation in
26 the compact.

27 2. Participating states enacting the compact subsequent to the 7 initial charter participating states
28 shall be subject to the process set forth in section 7.C.21 to determine if their enactments are materially
29 different from the model compact and whether they qualify for participation in the compact.

30 3. All actions taken for the benefit of the commission or in furtherance of the purposes of the
31 administration of the compact prior to the effective date of the compact or the commission coming into
32 existence shall be considered to be actions of the commission unless specifically repudiated by the
33 commission.

34 B. Any state that joins this compact shall be subject to the commission's rules and bylaws as they
35 exist on the date on which this compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously
36 adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day this compact becomes
37 law in that state.

38 C. Any participating state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 17 -

1 1. A participating state's withdrawal shall not take effect until 180 days after enactment of the
2 repealing statute. During this 180-day period, all compact privileges that were in effect in the withdrawing
3 state and were granted to licensees licensed in the withdrawing state shall remain in effect. If any
4 licensee licensed in the withdrawing state is also licensed in another participating state or obtains a
5 license in another participating state within the 180 days, the licensee's compact privileges in other
6 participating states shall not be affected by the passage of the 180 days.

7 2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the state licensing boards of the
8 withdrawing state to comply with the investigative, and adverse action reporting requirements of this
9 compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

10 3. Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing a state from this compact, the state shall
11 immediately provide notice of such withdrawal to all licensees within that state. Such withdrawing state
12 shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of 180 days after
13 the date of such notice of withdrawal.

14 D. Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any PA licensure
15 agreement or other cooperative arrangement between participating states and between a participating
16 state and non-participating state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.

17 E. This compact may be amended by the participating states. No amendment to this compact shall
18 become effective and binding upon any participating state until it is enacted materially in the same
19 manner into the laws of all participating states as determined by the commission.

20 Section 12. Construction and Severability.

21 A. This compact and the commission's rulemaking authority shall be liberally construed so as to
22 effectuate the purposes, and the implementation and administration of the compact. Provisions of the
23 compact expressly authorizing or requiring the promulgation of rules shall not be construed to limit the
24 commission's rulemaking authority solely for those purposes.

25 B. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision
26 of this compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the constitution of any
27 participating state, a state seeking participation in the compact, or of the United States, or the applicability
28 thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional by a court of
29 competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any
30 other government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

31 C. Notwithstanding subsection B or this section, the commission may deny a state's participation in
32 the compact or, in accordance with the requirements of section 10.B, terminate a participating state's
33 participation in the compact, if it determines that a constitutional requirement of a participating state is, or
34 would be with respect to a state seeking to participate in the compact, a material departure from the
35 compact. Otherwise, if this compact shall be held to be contrary to the constitution of any participating
36 state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining participating states and in full
37 force and effect as to the participating state affected as to all severable matters.

38 Section 13. Binding Effect of Compact.

CHAPTER 333
HB 1772-FN-A - FINAL VERSION
- Page 18 -

1 A. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a participating state that is not
2 inconsistent with this compact.

3 B. Any laws in a participating state in conflict with this compact are superseded to the extent of the
4 conflict.

5 C. All agreements between the commission and the participating states are binding in accordance
6 with their terms.

7 333:3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect 60 days after its passage.

Approved: July 15, 2026
Effective Date: September 13, 2026

