Bill as Introduced

HB 384 - AS INTRODUCED

2001 SESSION

01-0017
03/09

HOUSE BILL ***384***

AN ACT relative to political expenditures.

SPONSORS: Rep. Avery, Ches 8; Rep. Guinta, Hills 39; Sen. Eaton, Dist 10; Sen. Fernald, Dist 11; Sen. Below, Dist 5

COMMITTEE: Election Law

ANALYSIS

This bill clarifies which expenditures shall be considered to be made on a candidate's behalf for purposes of the voluntary limitations on political expenditures law.

Explanation: Matter added to current law appears in ***bold italics.***
Matter removed from current law appears [~~in brackets and struckthrough.~~]
Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

01-0017
03/09

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand One

AN ACT relative to political expenditures.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 Elections; Political Expenditures and Contributions; Political Expenditure Limitation Amounts; Total Expenditures. Amend RSA 664:5-b, VI to read as follows:

VI. For the purposes of this section, RSA 664:5-a, and the enforcement provisions of this chapter, "total expenditures" shall mean the sum of all expenditures made to influence either a state primary or a state general election made by a candidate and those made on the candidate's behalf by the candidate's committee or committees, the candidate's party, and the candidate's immediate family. For candidates for governor, United States senator, representative to Congress, state senate, state representative, and executive council, "total expenditures" shall include any such expenditures made after January 1 of the election year, regardless of when the person actually declares his or her candidacy. Each campaign expenditure limitation amount shall apply solely and independently to either the state primary election or the state general election. ***For purposes of this section, RSA 664:5-a, and the enforcement provisions of this chapter, any political advertising by a political party or a political committee of a political party which mentions or contains a representation of the party's candidate or an opponent of the party's candidate shall be considered an expenditure made on the party's candidate's behalf by the party and shall be included in that candidate's total expenditures.***

2 Effective Date. This act shall take effect 60 days after its passage.

Amendments

Rep. Bragdon, Hills. 13
May 24, 2001
2001-1307h
03/01

Not Used

Amendment to HB 384

Amend the title of the bill by replacing it with the following:

AN ACT relative to political expenditures and relative to availability of checklists.

Amend the bill by inserting after section 1 the following and renumbering the original section 2 to read as 4:

2 Voters and Checklists, Availability of Checklist. Amend RSA 654:31 to read as follows:

654:31 Availability of Checklist.

I. The checklist as corrected by the supervisors shall be open for the examination of any person at all times before the opening of a meeting or election at which the list is to be used. The supervisors shall furnish one or more copies of the most recent checklist to any person requesting such copies. If the supervisors maintain or have access to the checklist or information from which the checklist was derived in more than one form, the person requesting copies shall be furnished copies in any of those forms according to his ***or her*** preference. The supervisors may charge a reasonable fee for copies that is based on the actual costs incurred when reproducing an existing checklist, except that in no event shall the fee for paper copies of any single town or ward checklist be less than $5 nor more than $25 per checklist. [~~The fee charged for checklists on computer disk or tape, or in any form other than paper, shall be based solely on the additional costs incurred to provide such checklist to the individual requesting it.~~] The fee shall be for the use of the town or city.

II. If a town or city maintains a voter checklist on computer files, a person may request a copy of such files on computer disk or tape. For purposes of this paragraph, the checklist shall include all registered voters in a town or city. The fee charged for copies of the checklist on computer disk or tape shall not be more than $25.

3 New Section; Political Expenditures and Contributions; Reports; Candidates for Legislatively-Elected Office. Amend RSA 664 by inserting after section 7 the following new section:

664:7-a Reporting by Candidates for Legislatively-Elected Office. Candidates for the offices of speaker of the house, president of the senate, secretary of state, state treasurer, clerks, assistant clerks, and sergeants-at-arms of the house and senate shall report contributions and expenditures exceeding $500 in the aggregate in like manner and detail as prescribed in RSA 664:6, I, except that the filing of statements for these offices shall be limited to the Wednesdays one week and 3 weeks

after the general election and the Wednesday one week after the election for these offices.

2001-1307h

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill:

I. Clarifies which expenditures shall be considered to be made on a candidate's behalf for purposes of the voluntary limitations on political expenditures law.

II. Establishes contribution and expenditure reporting requirements for candidates for legislatively-elected office.

III. Addresses the availability of obtaining copies of voter checklists on computer disks.

Rep. Bragdon, Hills. 13
May 24, 2001
2001-1308h
03/01

Amendment to HB 384

Not Used

Amend the title of the bill by replacing it with the following:

AN ACT relative to political expenditures and relative to availability of checklists.

Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following:

1 Voters and Checklists, Availability of Checklist. Amend RSA 654:31 to read as follows:

654:31 Availability of Checklist.

I. The checklist as corrected by the supervisors shall be open for the examination of any person at all times before the opening of a meeting or election at which the list is to be used. The supervisors shall furnish one or more copies of the most recent checklist to any person requesting such copies. If the supervisors maintain or have access to the checklist or information from which the checklist was derived in more than one form, the person requesting copies shall be furnished copies in any of those forms according to his ***or her*** preference. The supervisors may charge a reasonable fee for copies that is based on the actual costs incurred when reproducing an existing checklist, except that in no event shall the fee for paper copies of any single town or ward checklist be less than $5 nor more than $25 per checklist. [~~The fee charged for checklists on computer disk or tape, or in any form other than paper, shall be based solely on the additional costs incurred to provide such checklist to the individual requesting it.~~] The fee shall be for the use of the town or city.

II. If a town or city maintains a voter checklist on computer files, a person may request a copy of such files on computer disk or tape. For purposes of this paragraph, the checklist shall include all registered voters in a town or city. The fee charged for copies of the checklist on computer disk or tape shall not be more than $25.

2 New Section; Political Expenditures and Contributions; Reports; Candidates for Legislatively-Elected Office. Amend RSA 664 by inserting after section 7 the following new section:

664:7-a Reporting by Candidates for Legislatively-Elected Office. Candidates for the offices of speaker of the house, president of the senate, secretary of state, state treasurer, clerks, assistant clerks, and sergeants-at-arms of the house and senate shall report contributions and expenditures exceeding $500 in the aggregate in like manner and detail as prescribed in RSA 664:6, I, except that the filing of statements for these offices shall be limited to the Wednesdays one week and 3 weeks after the general election and the Wednesday one week after the election for these offices.

3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect 60 days after its passage.

Committee Minutes

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION LAW

FULL COMMITTEE WORK SESSION ON HB 384

BILL TITLE: relative to political expenditures.

DATE: May 31, 2001

LOB ROOM: 308 **Time Public Hearing Called to Order:**

Time Adjourned:

(please circle if present)

Committee Members: Reps. Arndt, Stritch, Flanagan, Horton, Desrosiers, Clegg, F. Davis, Reeves, Nowe, Pappas, Teschner, Bragdon, Drisko, Glenick, Clemons, Buckley, Weatherspoon, Rollo, Kacavas, Panagopoulos and Vaillancourt.

Bill Sponsors: Rep. Avery, Rep. Guinta, Sen. Eaton, Sen. Fernald, Sen. Below

TESTIMONY

* Use asterisk if written testimony and/or amendments are submitted.

NO TESTIMONY.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter E. Bragdon, Clerk

Hearing Minutes

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION LAW

PUBLIC HEARING ON HB 384

BILL TITLE: relative to political expenditures.

DATE: March 14, 2001

LOB ROOM: 308 **Time Public Hearing Called to Order:** 9:30am

Time Adjourned: 10:11am

(please circle if present)

Committee Members: Reps. Arnold, Stritch, Flanagan, Horton, Desrosiers, Clegg, F. Davis, Reeves, Nowe, Pappas, Teschner, Bragdon, Drisko, Clemons, Buckley, Weatherspoon, Rollo, Hughes, Kacavas, Panagopoulos and Vaillancourt

Bill Sponsors: Rep. Avery, Rep. Guinta, Sen. Eaton, Sen. Fernald, Sen. Below

TESTIMONY

* Use asterisk if written testimony and/or amendments are submitted.

Rep. Avery, prime sponsor, introduced HB384, which would clarify which expenditures should be considered to be made on a candidate's behalf for purposes of the voluntary limitations on political expenditures law. In response to a question, he stated that New Hampshire has more control over "hard money" political party expenditures than "soft money" from special interest groups. He also stated that the Secretary of State supported this legislation. This legislation is in response to the 1999 special election campaign for senator in the Keene area.

* **Dennis Vachon**, Strafford, testified in support of HB384. He described his senate campaign during 2000 in which his opponent received $10,000 in party support, which was not counted toward the voluntary campaign limits. He submitted campaign literature to illustrate his concerns. He urged the committee to close this loophole. He described the difference between issue campaigns and party efforts to elect a party candidate.

Sen. Fernald spoke in support of this legislation and RSA 664. He stated that the amount contributed or donated to candidates may be limited. The loophole is now so huge that voluntary limits now have no effect. If we do not plug this loophole, it will get bigger and bigger. The negative campaign funding comes from this loophole. The parties raise more money than the special interest groups. RSA664 will become a dead letter if we do not close the loophole. He does not see how we can control special interest groups but party contributions to campaigns can be reduced. He answered questions on enforcement and how to avoid keywords in literature so that it will not count toward voluntary campaign contributions.

Respectfully submitted,

Frank W. Davis

Frank W. Davis, Clerk

Sub-Committee Actions

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION LAW

SUBCOMMITTEE WORK SESSION ON HB 384

BILL TITLE: relative to political expenditures.

DATE: March 28, 2001

Subcommittee Members: Reps. Rollo, Clegg, Clemons, Panagopoulos, Pappas, Bragdon

Comments and Recommendations:

Amendments:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

Moved by Rep. Bragdon

Seconded by Rep. Clemons

Vote: 5-0

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

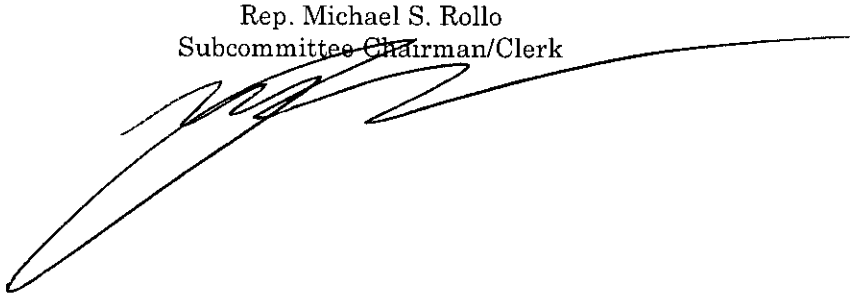
Moved by Rep.

Seconded by Rep.

Vote:

Respectfully submitted,

Rep. Michael S. Rollo
Subcommittee Chairman/Clerk



Sub-Committee Minutes

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION LAW

SUBCOMMITTEE WORK SESSION ON HB 384

BILL TITLE: relative to political expenditures.

DATE: May 09, 2001

Subcommittee Members: Reps. Rollo, Clegg, Clemons, Panagopoulos, Pappas & Bragdon

Comments and Recommendations: The committee reviewed materials provided by Subcommittee Chairman, Rep. Michael S. Rollo. Subcommittee to review materials further at next meeting scheduled for May 16, 2001 @ 10:30am.

Amendments:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

Moved by Rep.

Seconded by Rep.

Vote:

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

Moved by Rep.

Seconded by Rep.

Vote:

Respectfully submitted,

Rep. Michael S. Rollo
Subcommittee Chairman/Clerk

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION LAW

SUBCOMMITTEE WORK SESSION ON HB 384

BILL TITLE: relative to political expenditures.

DATE: {May 16, 2001

Subcommittee Members: Reps. Rollo, Clegg, Clemons, Panagopoulos, Bragdon, Pappas

Comments and Recommendations: No final recommendation from the sub-committee at this time. The next scheduled sub-committee meeting will be held on May 23rd @ 10:30am.

Amendments:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

Moved by Rep.

Seconded by Rep.

Vote:

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

Moved by Rep.

Seconded by Rep.

Vote:

Respectfully submitted,

Rep. Michael S. Rollo
Subcommittee Chairman/Clerk

Testimony

TESTIMONY OF DENNIS P. VACHON ON MARCH 14, 2001 BEFORE THE HOUSE ELECTION LAW COMMITTEE IN FAVOR OF HOUE BILL 384

Good morning madam chair and members of the House Election Law Committee.

My name is Dennis Vachon. I am a former two-term State Representative from the Town of Strafford. I was a candidate for State Senate in District 4 during the 2000 general election.

I appear today before you in support of House Bill 384. I believe House Bill 384 is a necessary measure if we are going to close a "gaping" loophole in RSA 664:5-b, intented to provide clean and fair elections by limiting political expenditures.

As the committee well knows, RSA 664 encourages candidates to limit campaign spending by allowing candidates who voluntarily agree to limit campaign expenditures to accept campaign contributions of up to $5,000 instead of up to $1,000 from any person.

For State Senate, the voluntary expenditure limit amounts are $20,000 for the primary and $20,000 for the general election.

As currently written, RSA 664:5-b, VI allows candidates who have voluntarily agreed to limit campaign expenditure to circumvent that agreement by having campaign expenditures made by committees of their political party.

Take my Senate race for example. My opponent and I both agreed to abide by the voluntary spending limit of $20,000 for the general election. I went over the limit by $103.57 and paid a penalty.

My opponent had two district wide mailings done by the state committee of his political party, a service worth in excess of $10,000 by my estimation, and he did not even report a dime of it on his report of political expenditures.

In fact, he reported general election expenditures of $19,451.57, just shy of the voluntary spending limit. He paid no penalty on the $10,000 plus expenditure.

Now do not get me wrong. RSA 664:5-b, VI does on its face require a candidate to report expenditures made on his behalf by the candidate's party.

The way around this reporting requirement under the statute is for expenditures by the candidate's political party to be considered as "independent expenditures" which are defined as "...expenditures by a person, political committee, or other entity expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate which are made without cooperation or consultation with any candidate, or any authorized committee or agent of such candidate, and which are not

made in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, any candidate, or any authorized committee or agent of such candidate..."

In practice, this exception has been boiled down to mean party building activities and issue advocacy that are done without the candidate's knowledge. That is, without the advance knowledge of the candidate who benefits from the expenditure.

Obviously, the knowledge thing is the tricky part. Take my Senate race, for example. In the weeks following the primary election, I began an aggressive campaign to educate the voters about my opponent through privately sponsored town meeting type of public forums. Within a couple of weeks, I got a message on my answering machine that says "So, when are you going to stop beating your [pause] wife?"

Now let's be honest. Is that the type of call you would expect to receive from a State Party or from a political campaign?? Myself, I dismissed it as a crude form of psychological warfare from my opponent's camp.

The disturbing thing is that it later proved to be someone's crude way of letting me know that they knew what was to come. Unfortunately, I only found out what was coming a week before election day when the first mailing from the political committee of my opponent's party showed up in mailboxes across the district. This was the "victims of domestic violence" piece.

It has a women holding a baby with a bottle in front of an open refrigerator with "Where was Dennis Vachon when we needed him?" splashed across the outside. On the inside, it goes on "When it was time to vote to protect victims of domestic violence, Dennis Vachon didn't even bother to show up."

What the piece failed to mention, of course, was that my opponent did show up but voted against protecting the rights of victims of domestic violence. Go figure. One would think that if my opponent's political party did not like the way I voted they would be glad to have me not show up.

I have a similar story with regard to the second piece mailed by my opponent's political party. This one I call the "tax madness" piece and it arrived in mailboxes on the last Saturday before the election.

"Callous. Reckless." "That's how people are describing Dennis Vachon's vote for a sales tax on clothing, prescription drugs and phone service....Unfortunately, Dennis Vachon's irresponsible record doesn't stop there..."

Wait a minute. " Callous. Reckless. Irresponsible." Does that sound familiar or what? Isn't that the same prologue that was used by my opponent in the now famous mailing that helped him unseat the 10 year incumbent during the primary election? I think it was.

Does anyone really expect us to believe that mailings similar in content, material and style to the one done by my opponent during his primary battle were done during the general election by his "party" without his knowledge?

If you do, then explain something to me. Explain to me how it happenend that in a campaign where I came out boldly and unashamedly in favor of a combined statewide property tax and income tax that the only question asked of me in a forum held in my opponent's hometown two days before the tax madness piece hit the streets had to do with my "sales tax."

Despite what that mailing says, I have never, ever voted for, advocated for or otherwise considered supporting a sales tax. Just a coincidence. I don't think so.

But in any case, that should not be my problem. As a candidate, I should not have to find myself in a position where it is my responsibility to prove that my opponent had prior knowledge of, cooperated or consulted on, authorized, made in concert with, at the request of , or suggested an expenditure to his benefit for him to have to report it as a campaign expenditure which counts towards his spending limit if it is made by his political party.

If it knocks me or supports him, it should count towards his spending limit regardless of any feigned pretenses at party building or issue advocacy. We all know what those things are and they do not require the identification of a candidate for public office.

This loophole is nothing more than an opportunity for candidates to make unfounded allegations and to campaign by way of half-truths and innuendos without consequences by allowing them to hide behind their political party's skirt.

And, even worse, it allows unscrupulous candidates with a way to accept larger contributions from a limited number of special interest donors by voluntarily agreeing to a spending limit that can be bypassed through a political party.

I ask you to put an end to this loophole before it's use becomes the standard rather than the exception.

Please support House Bill 384.


Where was Dennis Vachon when we needed him?

When it was time to vote to protect victims of domestic violence, Dennis Vachon didn't even bother to show up. (5/20/99)

In the House of Representatives, Dennis Vachon was absent for over 1/3 of the votes facing his district!!

Here are just some of the other votes Dennis Vachon missed:

* Teacher Tenure Reform (HB341)
* Gambling (HB644)
* Charter schools and public school choice (HB333 & HB690)
* Repealing the unfair death tax (HB542)
* Reforming HMOs (SB199)

If he won't make the time to do the job now, why would we even want Dennis Vachon in the Senate?

Chances are he'll miss:

* A vote to reform the ancient teacher tenure system so parents could get the best education for their children.
* A vote whether New Hampshire should allow casino-style gambling with the related problems of crime, drugs and prostitution.
* A vote that would allow public charter schools so every parent could pick the best school for their child.
* A vote that repeals the 17% uniform New Hampshire death tax.
* A vote that would repeal health issues to require that when you are denied coverage, you would get an immediate appeal to an independent group.

We need a senator who will represent us – not miss all the important votes.

Where in the world has Dennis Vachon been?

Paid for by the New Hampshire Republican State Committee

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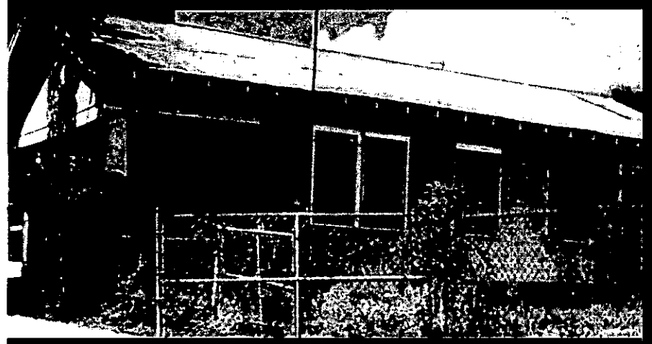
CALLOUS RECKLESS

That's how people are describing Dennis Vachon's vote for a sales tax on clothing, prescription drugs and phone service.

(HB 116)



Unfortunately, Dennis Vachon's irresponsible record doesn't stop there...

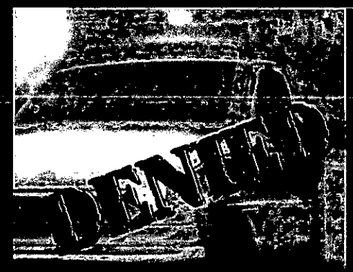


Dennis Vachon's Income Tax

- Taxes Home Mortgage Interest
- Taxes Charitable Contributions
- Taxes Social Security
- Taxes Pensions
- Taxes IRAs

And Taxes Our Future...

(HB 109)



Dennis Vachon's Sales Tax

- Taxes Prescription Drugs
- Taxes Medical Care
- Taxes on Phone Service

And Taxes Our Future....

(HB 116)

Dennis Vachon: Too Irresponsible to be our Senator.



Rob Boyce's Mainstream Vision for New Hampshire:
World-class public schools without an income tax, without a sales tax and without donor towns.

Rob believes our children deserve the same opportunities we had to work hard and earn a decent living.

Rob believes clean and safe water should be expected and will fight to ban the poisonous gas additive MTBE from drinking water.

We Deserve Better. We Deserve a Full-Time, Mainstream State Senator Like Rob Boyce.

New Hampshire Republican State Committee
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Concord, NH 03301

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Voting Sheets

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION LAW

EXECUTIVE SESSION on 384

BILL TITLE: **relative to political expenditures.**

DATE: November 28, 2001

LOB ROOM: 307

Amendments:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Sponsor: Rep. OLS Document #:

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

Moved by Rep. Rollo

Seconded by Rep. Clegg

Vote: 18-0 (Please attach record of roll call vote.)

Motions: OTP, OTP/A, ITL, Interim Study (Please circle one.)

Moved by Rep.

Seconded by Rep.

Vote: (Please attach record of roll call vote.)

CONSENT CALENDAR VOTE: 18-0

(Vote to place on Consent Calendar must be unanimous.)

Statement of Intent: Refer to Committee Report

Respectfully submitted,

Jane Clemons

Rep. Jane A. Clemons, Clerk Pro-tem

OFFICE OF THE HOUSE CLERK

2001 SESSION

ELECTION LAW

Bill #: _____ Title: _____

PH Date: _____/_____/_____ Exec Session Date: _____/_____/_____

Motion: _____ Amendment #: _____

MEMBER	YEAS	NAYS
Arndt, Janet S, Chairman		
Stritch, C Donald, V Chairman	✓	
Flanagan, Natalie S, Honorary Chairman	✓	
Horton, Lynn C	✓	
Desrosiers, William J		
Clegg, Robert E	✓	
Reeves, Sandra J	✓	
Nowe, Ronald J	✓	
Pappas, Marc P	✓	
Teschner, Douglass P	✓	
Bragdon, Peter E, Clerk		
Drisko, Richard B	✓	
Gleneck, David J	✓	
Clemons, Jane A	✓	
Buckley, Raymond	✓	
Weatherspoon, Jacquelyne K	✓	
Rollo, Michael S	✓	
Davis, Frank W	✓	
Kacavas, John P	✓	
Panagopoulos, Nicholas T	✓	
Vaillancourt, Steve	✓	
TOTAL VOTE:		

Printed: 5/18/2001

Committee Report

COMMITTEE REPORT

COMMITTEE: **Election Law**

BILL NUMBER: **HB 384**

TITLE: relative to political expenditures.

DATE: November 28, 2001 CONSENT CALENDAR YES ☒ NO ☐

☐ OUGHT TO PASS

☐ OUGHT TO PASS WITH AMENDMENT

☒ INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE

☐ REFER TO COMMITTEE FOR INTERIM STUDY
(Available only in second year of biennium.)

STATEMENT OF INTENT
(Include Committee Vote)

It was the unanimous opinion of the committee that as well intentioned as this bill is, it is quite unenforceable. As a matter of campaign finance reform, it places a burden on candidates to keep track of expenditures made by political parties, whether or not they are authorized or not by the candidate. It was for these reasons that the committee voted 18-0 to ITL.

Vote 18-0.

Rep. Michael S. Rollo
FOR THE COMMITTEE

Original: House Clerk
cc: Committee Bill file

USE ANOTHER REPORT FOR MINORITY REPORT

CONSENT CALENDAR

Election Law

HB 384, relative to political expenditures. **INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE**

Rep. Michael S. Rollo for Election Law: It was the unanimous opinion of the committee that as well intentioned as this bill is, it is quite unenforceable. As a matter of campaign finance reform, it places a burden on candidates to keep track of expenditures made by political parties, whether or not they are authorized or not by the candidate. It was for these reasons that the committee voted 18-0 to ITL. **Vote 18-0.**

COMMITTEE REPORT

COMMITTEE: Election Law

BILL NUMBER: HB 384

TITLE: An Act Relative to political Expenditures.

DATE: 11/28/01 CONSENT CALENDAR: YES ☒ NO ☐

☐ OUGHT TO PASS

☐ OUGHT TO PASS W/ AMENDMENT

☒ INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE

☐ RE-REFER

☐ INTERIM STUDY (Available only 2nd year of biennium)

Amendment No. _____

STATEMENT OF INTENT:

It was the unanimous opinion of the committee that as well intentioned as this Bill is, it is quite unenforceable. As a matter of campaign finance reform, it places a burden on candidates to keep track of expenditures made by political parties whether or not they are authorized or not by the candidate. It was for these reasons that the committee voted 18-0 to ITL.

COMMITTEE VOTE: 18-0

- Copy to Committee Bill File
- Use Another Report for Minority Report

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

Rep. _____
For the Committee

Rev. 07/30/99